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Masthead

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Thanks to Daniel Counsell of Realmac Software Development (http://www.realmacsoftware.com) who graced these pages and our website with newer rating stars.

Our special thanks to all those who have allowed us to review their products! And to our readers, who make this effort possible.

Letter from the CEO

Nothing's Perfect

by Robert Pritchett

As much as we'd like things to be working correctly or at least not be broken out of the box, stuff happens. In the Apple environment we've seen this with each new rev or product that gets squeezed out of Cupertino, and it is a wonder and purely magical when those things work as well as they do as the engineers who know better, wring their hands and take some antacids to calm their troubled nerves as product finally "goes golden" and gets out the door. They have a pretty good idea where the gotcha's are, but due to pressures from marketing and sales, product goes out as good as it can get, based on time constraints and resources. At least Apple doesn't always fall into the trap of making its customers be the beta-testers. I know, because I was a beta-tester for a while for the first renditions of Mac OS X before the first official release. Each rev that comes out gets better and seems to be more streamlined while at the same time, adding new or improved features. I was under Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) at the time. And it was really a lot of fun discovering what I could and reporting on my findings.

So what is all the huff and puff about the "How dare they?" nonsense with the recent revelation that the Intel Core Duo has a few glitches and gotcha's? Those are not the fault of Apple! I created a table of sorts that shows recent chip technologies and their lists of what the engineering departments call "errata". What I found to be rather interesting is that my machine apparently has a few "gotcha's" of its own with the G5 chip in it - twenty-four "oopsies" to be exact. Even though it is "flawed", it works well. Compared to the earlier Intel Pentiums or the AMD chipsets, those flaws don't look so bad when compared with the errata. Meanwhile, the industry has been migrating from 32 bits to 64 bits and from 90 nm down to 65 nm circuits. We see them doing more with less! It is truly miraculous. I grew up through the transistor age.

I currently work in a software firm and I know the revs we send out have their own "character flaws". Time, energy and effort are expended between revs to clean up the code and our customers are delighted with the improvements – as are we. I'm not privy to the current code issues associated with Mac OS X, but I've been very impressed with the outcome so far. The competing OSes have a lot of catching up to do – assuming they ever can.

Back on the chip issues, I remember working with now-defunct Ungermann-Bass equipment that had thick monthly reports we received as we were acting as a beta-site for their network equipment – thanks to the US taxpayer. We were privy to the hardware and software issues because we were under Non-Disclosure Agreements with the company. I am under no such NDA with Apple for hardware today. I think the "holier-than-thou" attitude by the naysayers needs to be tempered with some semblance of wisdom and a modicum of intelligence. Take it from me, I've seen worse – and if you have been in the computer industry for any length of time, I'm sure you can cite your war-stories too.

So am I being an apologist Apple? No, I don't think so. My experience has been that I have seen healthier fruit from them than from other hardware and software manufacturers and I like what I see. "By their fruits ye shall know them."

Many hardware issues can be brought to bear with workarounds. A few issues cannot, and that is why we see this forward march by the techno-geeks to continually improve both their hardware and software products.

If engineers ruled, no product would ever get out the door, because they wouldn't stop tweaking. True, that is a generalization and perhaps denigrates ad marginalizes most engineers and we will probably see some rubber-band slinging and negative feedback for saying it, but this stereotype is a rule of thumb based on empirical evidence. Someone like Steve Jobs has to raise the bar while still pushing product to generate revenues. Remember when he was hired back by Apple, he went into Apple's R&D and cancelled a lot of promising products? Somebody had to ride herd on the cats. We see the results today. I'm looking forward to new and improved products from both Apple and Intel. Aren't you?

Chip Errata in Perspective

I've provided some research finding regarding recent chip technologies inspired by the ebb and flow of chip-talk online by folks on Slashdot and Geek.com.

http://apple.slashdot.org/apple/06/01/24/1537231.shtml

ChipGeek: http://geek.com/news/geeknews/2006Jan/bch20060123034350.htm

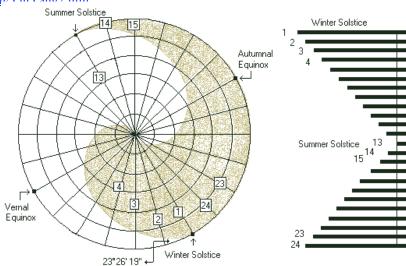
Chip	Errat	Source
	a	
AMD Athlon 64	123	http://www.amd.com/us- en/assets/content_type/white_papers_and_tech_docs/25759.pdf
AMD		http://www.rojakpot.com/freebog.aspx?sort=date
Opteron K7/K8	123	
		1-44//
Freescale		http://www.freescale.com/files/32bit/doc/errata/MPC7410CE.pdf
MPC7410C	21	
E (Apple		
G4)		
Freescale		http://www.freescale.com/files/32bit/doc/errata/MPC7457CE.pdf
MPC7457C	36	
E (Apple		
G4)		
IBM PPC		http://www-
970FX	24	306.ibm.com/chips/techlib/techlib.nsf/techdocs/79B6E24422AA1012872
(Apple G5)	27	56E93006C957E/\$file/970fx_errata_dd3.x_v1.6.pdf
Intel	?	http://www.intel.com/products/mobiletechnology/docs/performance_brie
Centrino	4	<u>f.pdf</u>
Intel Core		http://download.intel.com/design/mobile/datashts/30922101.pdf
Duo (Apple	34	http://www.intel.com/design/mobile/specupdt/309222.htm
Mactel)		
Intel	Lots!	http://support.intel.com/support/processors/pentium/ppiie/
Pentium	Lois!	http://people.freebsd.org/~fsmp/SMP/smpwebdoc.html

The Yin & Yang of Ubinaries

Technically speaking, an ubinary is an uncompressed binary - http://maillist.perforce.com/pipermail/perforce-user/2003-January/010379.html.

I'm calling a "Ubinary" a special kind of software fruit that Apple has logoized with Universal Binary symbology, lifted, or rather, inspired from the Oriental Yin/Yang Tai Chi environment.

http://www.chinesefortunecalendar.com/VinVano? htm



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http://fly.cc.fer.hr/~shlede/ying/yang.html The Yin is the passive, dark, cold, downward, weak, dark side and the Yang is the bright, active, upward, expanding, strong side. Think of it as the flow of energy.

Universal Binaries are software upgrades that indicate compatibility with both PowerPC chips and Mactel systems.

Apple created the Universal trademark for "software that just works". http://developer.apple.com/softwarelicensing/agreements/maclogo.html, which is really both the Mac OS X trademark symbol and the Universal symbol combined as one .gif in the Universal Logo program.





Apple, MacInTouch, MacUpdate and VersionTracker have been keeping lists of software that works on both PowerPC and Mactel systems:

http://www.apple.com/universal/applications/ http://www.macintouch.com/imacintel/ubinaries.html

http://www.macupdate.com/macintel.php http://www.versiontracker.com/macintel/

As of this writing, Apple shows 473 apps that have the Universal logo attached to Apple's own and other 3rd-party updated software.

And of course, more can be found on Wikipedia at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Universal Binary.

Apple's previous "fix" is to use Rosetta http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rosetta %28software%29 as an interim project until software moves from emulation mode to native mode on the Mactel systems.

"MACTEL" History

According to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, MacTel Technology of Switzerland, abandoned the trademark "MACTEL" back in 1993, http://tarr.uspto.gov/servlet/tarr?regser=serial&entry=74073332 and Macro Electronics International abandoned it in 1996, http://tarr.uspto.gov/servlet/tarr?regser=serial&entry=73731330. Apple submitted "MACTEL" to be trademarked http://tarr.uspto.gov/servlet/tarr?regser=serial&entry=78644706 as of June 2005, but as of this writing still has not been granted. However, a Priority Action was mailed December 29, 2005. Consider "Mactel" to be trademarked by Apple. http://www.wordspy.com/words/Mactel.asp and not to be confused with Mactel Communications in Canada, http://www.mactelcommunications.com/about/index.html.

Michael Robak submitted "MACINTEL" to be trademarked http://tarr.uspto.gov/servlet/tarr?regser=serial&entry=78648143 and http://tarr.uspto.gov/servlet/tarr?regser=serial&entry=78648099, also in June 2005 and that is still "live" with a "non-final action" mailed December 30, 2005.

And there is even a discussion on Wikipedia about the transition to the new Intel chips at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apple_Intel_Transition.

Meanwhile, I'm calling the Intel iMac the Mactel iMac and I'm not alone in calling it that anymore.

So for now, computing systems still reflect humanity. Not perfect, but progressing. And hopefully, universally speaking, we will spend more time with Yang than with Yin.

Letter From the Editor

After MacWorld 2005

by Robert Pritchett

Welcome to the February issue of macCompanion!

I think 2006 will be full of wonderful surprises besides the latest revelations that came from the Reality Distortion Field we see each year at MacWorld San Francisco. Meanwhile, take a look at what we love to talk about.

Covering the Articles

Not everyone could attend MacWorld, so we did the next best thing. We did what we do best - do reviews so you don't have to.

- In Nothings Perfect, I discuss the issues regarding chip technology errata, the inspiration derived from the Yin/Yang and Tai Chi symbology for the Universal Logo usage by Apple and their trademark submittal for MACTEL.
- Jonathan Hoyle talks about the cross-platform development app, *Runtime Revolution*.
- Gene Steinberg discusses what can be done to improve Rosetta performance.
- Daphne Kalfon gets plugged into audio effects and Garageband.
- Steve Stanger offers an electrifying article about power protection.
- Christopher Duncan says anything worth doing is worth doing well.
- Joseph Nilo gives us a view of Vidcasting.
- Tim Verpoorten offers us the best of the best freeware for the mac he discovered recently.
- Leland Scott fights back about iTunes being spyware.
- Harry {Doc} Babad provides some Mac tips from around the Internet.
- Ted Bade reports on MacWorld Expo and the future.

Than we have a few of our Book Reviews, an article on the Kodak Prosumer 8 megapixel camera, flash adapter and companion photo-printer.

In the Software Reviews section, Ted Bade reviewed *The Print Shop* and Mike Swope tells us a thing or two about the iWeb competitor, *RapidWeaver*.

And we finish up with an article on the online Latin-American Spanish version of RosettaStone, a follow-up article of our review of security system software we did in December on remote camera software, this time one named *SecuritySpy* and present the *Toon Boom Studio V3* drawing app designed to work with Wacom tablets.

After going through our reviews, why not stop by our website and visit our affiliates and buy a few things so we can keep giving you *macCompanion* for free? And keep spreading the word about us! We would like to see over 3 million page views per month.

It should come as no surprise that we love you and what you do for us. Thank you!

According to Hoyle...

Cross-Platform Software Development from a Macintosh Perspective: Runtime Revolution

by Jonathan Hoyle jhoyle@maccompanion.com

Last September, we began our series on cross-platform software development for the Macintosh http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/september2005/Columns/According to Hoyle 1.htm. Over these past several months we have examined many varied cross-platform frameworks and development environments:

- Qt: http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/october2005/Columns/AccordingtoHoyle.htm
- wxWidgets: http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/november2005/Columns/AccordingtoHoyle.htm
- CPLAT: http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/december2005/Columns/AccordingtoHoyle.htm
- REALbasic: http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/january2006/Columns/AccordingtoHoyle.htm

This month we examine *Runtime Revolution*, the easy to use cross-platform application development environment http://www.runrev.com.

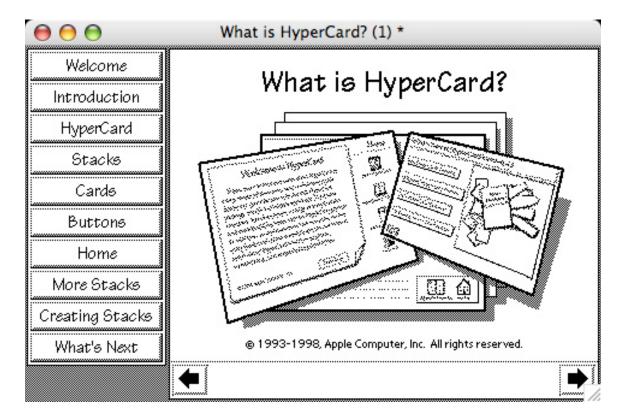
Runtime Revolution History & Overview

Runtime Revolution traces its pedigree back to *HyperCard*, Apple's killer programming environment, simple enough to be used by children and professionals alike. First released in 1987, HyperCard allowed users to mix text, graphics and sound, and put them together in index card like arrangements. Scrollbars, buttons and icons allowed you to link to other cards or to return home. Created by Bill Atkinson (author of *MacPaint*), HyperCard was programmed with a simple language called *HyperTalk*. The user could create HyperCard documents, called *stacks*, which could be run on any Macintosh since HyperCard was bundled free with the OS. It created a huge following, with stacks of every kind being created by fascinated users. The Worldwide Web format is very similar to, and likely influenced by, HyperCard.

Unfortunately, HyperCard is an example of one of Apple's biggest missed opportunities. Apple stopped bundling the full version with the Mac operating system in 1992, giving away only the player. Those wishing to create stacks had to purchase it from Apple for \$99. Apple also showed no signs of interest or support, despite its huge following. The last major upgrade was version 2.0 in 1990. Updates thereafter came fewer and farther between, and grudgingly at that. The final version was version 2.4 released in 1998.

Of course, a user base of that size is not easily ignored, and other solutions became available. *SuperCard* was the first HyperCard clone, adding more advanced color capabilities. There were others, including *HyperStudio*, the open source initiative *FreeCard*, and the outrageously expensive *MetaCard* (\$995). Now along comes *Runtime Revolution*.

First of all, Runtime Revolution is not just another HyperCard clone. RR is a powerful development environment for creating and scripting cross-platform applications. Unlike HyperCard, stacks created by RR are compiled into true applications. You can, however, use RR to open and run old HyperCard stacks (see below). Best of all, the applications you create can be targeted for Mac OS X, Classic Mac OS, along with various flavors of Windows, Unix and Linux. Though priced at a rather high \$299, the software you create is royalty-free.

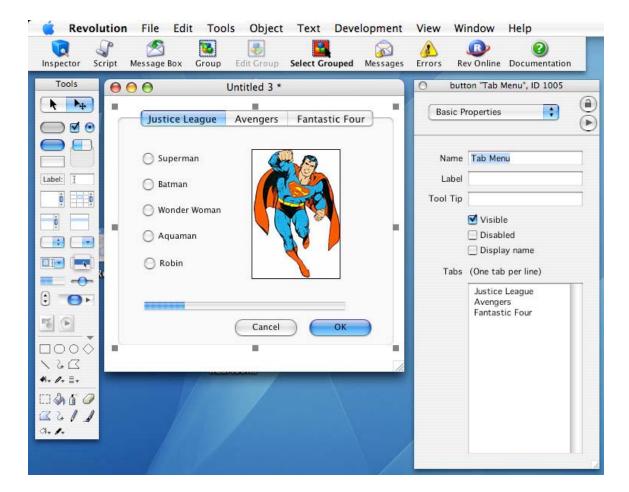


Above is a screenshot of Runtime Revolution opening the basic "What is HyperCard" stack that was installed with HyperCard 2.4.1. Note that this is an Aqua-based Mac OS X window which faithfully represents the original HyperCard look and feel.

Creating Applications with Runtime Revolution

The Runtime Revolution environment appears to be a cross between REALbasic and HyperCard. You begin by creating a mainstack, which you link to other cards. Like REALbasic, you can grab widgets from a palette to drag onto your window, double-click on it to set behavior, etc. Right-clicking on a widget allows you to edit the associated script (written in Revolution's *Transcript* language, an extension of HyperTalk). Script authors will find it easier to build applications with RR than with virtually anything else out there.

Revolution is a much more powerful programming environment than any of its HyperCard-like predecessors. For example, SQL database support is available, with a point and click *Database Query Builder*, which is used to wrap SQL commands. Yet, you can still include older HyperCard functionality, like XCMD's and XFCN's on the Mac OS version.



To test its ease of use, I decided to create a project without reading any of the documentation other than the online help. I began with the project I built for REALbasic last month as my model. As you can see from the screenshot above, it was very intuitive to drag controls and images onto the screen. I did not see an immediate way to create a group box around the radio buttons (as there is in REALbasic), but I imagine that there is a way to do it.

I didn't get much further than building the screens before needing to sit down and learn the *Transcript* scripting language. *HyperTalk* programmers of old will find very little trouble getting up to speed with it, as would modern *AppleScript* programmers. Being a 4GL (4th generation language), Transcript is substantially the same as *HyperTalk*, and quite different than the *Basic* programming language. I found keeping the documentation nearby essential. Even more useful was a very old HyperTalk book I happened to still have around.

Runtime Revolution vs. REALbasic

Runtime Revolution is not as powerful as REALbasic, but it is written to be as intuitive and as user friendly as possible. Those who have not been trained in a formal programming language will, without question, find that Runtime Revolution is the best, fastest way to create cross-platform applications. On the other hand, those versed in the Basic programming language will likely find REALbasic preferable. At RR's price point of \$299, you can purchase *REALbasic Professional*, making the choice essentially a toss-up.

What about REALbasic's \$99 Standard (non-Pro) edition? Runtime Revolution has an answer to that as well: for that same price, they offer *DreamCard*, a "light" version of RR. DreamCard stacks are not applications in the true sense but rather documents that require the DreamCard player (which is free to download and distribute). In this way, DreamCard is more like *HyperCard* than *REALbasic*. DreamCard uses the same Transcript language and is cross-platform (via the free players available), but lacks certain power features such as SSL and databasing capabilities.

Conclusion

Runtime Revolution is an excellent environment for application development, particularly for students and hobbyists. Script writers will find themselves with the ability to generate cross-platform applications with relative ease. The \$299 price is a bit high compared with similar IDE's, but if you are willing to forgo the actual creation of an application, you can purchase *DreamCard* for a third that price and distribute stacks instead.

Regardless of which direction you choose, creating cross-platform applications comes with ease with Runtime Revolution's line of products. Non-programmers and script writers will not find a better environment with which to work.

Coming Up Next Month: AMPC (Axiomatic Multi-Platform C)!



"The Mac Attack" - Mac Tips, Tricks, and Hints

http://themacattack.us http://www.stevecom.com sstanger@maccompanion.com

It's Electrifying – Power Strips, Surge Protectors and Uninterruptible Power Supplies

by Steve Stanger

You have invested a significant amount of money on your computer and peripherals. Have you ever given any thought to what lies between your computer and your electrical outlet? Don't worry if you haven't, many people never do. There are many different levels of surge protection and power conditioning available, my goal this month is to make sure your computer and important data is protected from power surges, spikes, sags and complete power failures.

Lets take a look at the different devices that are available, how they work and what they do (or don't do) to protect your computer:

A **Power Strip** is simply an extension cord with multiple outlets. Almost all come with some form of simple surge protection.

A **Surge Protector** is the one piece of standard equipment you should have when you put together a computer system. A Surge Protector lets you plug multiple components into one outlet. The important function of a Surge Protector power strip is protecting the electronics in your computer from surges.

What are surges? A power surge, put simply is an increase in voltage above the designated level in a flow of electricity. In normal household and office wiring here the United States, the standard voltage is 120 volts. If the voltage rises above 120 volts, you have a problem, and a surge protector helps to prevent that problem from damaging your computer and other electrical equipment.

There are two terms used for when the voltage increases. A *surge* is an increase lasts three nanoseconds (billionths of a second) or more. And a *spike* is when the increase only lasts for one or two nanoseconds.

If the surge or spike voltage is high enough, it can inflict some heavy-duty damage on electrical equipment. A surge or spike actually heats up the wiring in equipment, sometimes causing a part or component to burn out. Even if increased voltage doesn't immediately break your machine, repeated surges or spikes will put extra strain on the components, wearing them down over time.

A standard Surge Protector passes the electrical current along from the outlet to a number devices plugged into the power strip. If the voltage from the outlet surges or spikes the surge protector diverts the extra electricity into the outlet's grounding wire.

As a backup, most Surge Protectors also have a built-in fuse or circuit breaker. If the current increases above the acceptable level, the heat caused by the resistance burns out the fuse or the spike or surge will "trip" the circuit breaker, thereby cutting off the circuit. The fuse only works once, as it is destroyed in the process. Better to burn out your Surge Protector then your Mac. Most circuit breaker based Surge Protectors can be reset. Keep in mind that surge protection circuitry can burn out with one large surge or spike. This is why it's a good idea to get a protector with an indicator light that tells you whether or not it's functioning properly.

Anything that has a Microprocessor in it should be plugged into a surge protector. That means not only your computer equipment, but also home entertainment components for example. Devices with microprocessors in them are very sensitive to changes in voltage.

I would suggest staying away from the \$5 to \$10 power strips. They only offer very basic protection (if any). You will get better protection for \$15 to \$25 US. These Surge Protectors will have better ratings.

Another surge/spike protection device is a **Surge Station**. These are large surge protectors that offer superior voltage protection and advanced line conditioning. You can get one of these units for as little \$30 US, or you can spend upward of \$100 for more advanced models.

The next device, **Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)**, is a battery back up for your computer. If the power goes out, your computer will continue to run, feeding off the stored battery power. This will give you a few minutes to save your work and shut down your computer. A UPS generally protects a computer against surges, spikes, sags and total power failures. These units tend to cost from \$30 US if you can find a deal, sale or rebate to a few \$100 dollars or more depending on the type of equipment you want to protect.

UPS come in all different sizes, one of the best ways to find what UPS is right for your computer set up is to use a website that offers a UPS selector. The selector allows you to input computer type, monitor, processor type, hard drive and other variables. The UPS selector provided by the company APC (http://www.apc.com) does include current Mac models. The results will give you a pretty good idea on what kind of UPS you need for your specific computer set up

Better Surge Protectors and UPS will come with some sort of guarantee of their performance. If you're shopping for more expensive units, look for a product that comes with a guarantee on your computer. If the unit fails to protect your computer from a power surge, the company will actually replace your computer. This isn't total insurance, you can still loose your data, but it is a good indication of the manufacturer's confidence in their product.

Remember: NO surge protector is 100 percent effective.

If you have any questions or comments about this Article please feel free to email me at sstanger@maccompanion.com

For more information about this topic and other Mac tips I invite you to listen to my weekly podcast - "The Mac Attack".

The Mac Night Owl

http://www.macnightowl.com Copyright © 2006 Making The Impossible, Inc.

The Secret of Improving Rosetta's Performance

by Gene Steinberg

Way back when, when the first Power Macs hit the streets, I found performance with older Mac apps to be perfectly awful. It seemed as if I had gone back two generations in chip design, from the PowerPC to the 68030, and that was being generous. So when another emulation scheme was announced, Rosetta, which allows Intel-based Macs to run PowerPC software, you had reason to be concerned.

Although they are being coy on the details, Apple's Rosetta technology is based on *QuickTransit*, an emulation method from Transitive Corporation. When I taped an interview with Transitive CEO Bob Wiederhold for this week's episode of The Tech Night Owl LIVE, I had to forgive him if he danced around a few key details because of the company's deal with Apple.

But here are the basics: When you launch a PowerPC application on a MacIntel, Rosetta translates chunks of code into memory. The code is reused as needed when various application features are run. How much memory? Well, in general, according to Wiederhold, their technology will exact a 50% overhead. So, as an example, if a PowerPC app needs 128MB to run, another 64MB will be required for emulation. You'll need to think about this overhead carefully when you decide how much memory you need to get the best performance for your new MacIntel.

Now Transitive's own presentation materials on their technology estimates that Rosetta will run at sixty to seventy percent of full processor speed. The tests published so far by Macworld and others are less optimistic, putting the speed hit at fifty percent. So why the disparity? Is Transitive fudging its numbers just a little bit?

Well, the magic bullet may very well be RAM, and most of the new iMacs tested so far appear to come with the default 512MB allotment. What if it was increased to, say, 1GB? Good question, and I'll be interested in seeing the comparisons as testing of the new products continues. Now in normal circumstances, particularly if you stick with Apple's own applications that have been ported to Universal status, and older apps with modest memory needs, performance should be pretty decent with the stock configuration.

When it comes to Adobe Photoshop and other high powered software, things get muddy. Photoshop, for example, loads an entire image into memory, large color illustrations, for example, could suck up RAM with abandon. You might just want to open Mac OS X's Activity Monitor, which is located in the Utilities folder, and monitor the requirements of different applications as you move from one to the other. This will help you decide whether to max out the memory of your new MacIntel.

Now in the end you can't expect miracles. Whether Rosetta runs at half the speed of the native processor or up to seventy percent, as Transitive claims, isn't all that significant in the scheme of things. Mac OS X for Intel seems to be pretty snappy, and it'll do its thing at a pretty good pace. Sure, Photoshop rendering functions won't be so swift, but if you're upgrading from a very old Mac, it'll still be a lot faster than what you're used to. Bear that in mind when you look at the reviews of the MacIntel version of the iMac. Remember that the comparisons are usually being done against current hardware, so you have to be realistic as to how those results will impact you.

As I said, the Intel-based Macs are among those rare personal computers that will continue to become faster over time, as more and more developers make Universal versions of their software, and continue to optimize their code. Already well over 300 applications have made the voyage, and more are added every single day. It won't be long before the total will exceed 1,000.

However, the sprawling productivity applications with ancient code bases will require lots and lots of work to bring across the finish line. Quark Inc. has already done a lot of the heavy-lifting, which is why a public beta of a Universal version of QuarkXPress 7.0 will be available real soon. However, I don't expect to see native versions of Adobe's Creative Suite until this fall at the earliest, if then. Adobe not only has to update its software in Universal form, but it'll need to be compatible with the forthcoming Windows Vista, and what that may require is anyone's guess at this point.

Microsoft will no doubt face a similar dilemma. Months and months of work, and one only hopes that next version of Office will also sport a generous selection of new features to justify the upgrade price you're going to pay.

For now, however, if you're interested in buying a new iMac or ordering the MacBook Pro, you'll want to approach the process realistically. Don't shortchange yourself on RAM, especially if you have a bunch of PowerPC applications that will keep Rosetta real busy.



Music and the Mac

http://www.ilovemymacthesong.com/

Getting Plugged In With Audio Effects

by Daphne Kalfon

To start off, I should give a quick explanation of what a plug-in is, for those who are new to the whole concept. A plug-in is additional software that can be utilized by many different kinds of software. It's an easy way to add features to an existing application or host software application. Examples of plug-ins that you may already be aware of are Macromedia's Flash and Apple's QuickTime. These are plug-ins that make surfing the net a more fun, enjoyable experience because they allow you to view animation, music, video and more.

Plug-ins also come in various formats. A few common formats are for example Steinberg's Virtual Studio Technology, or VST, Apple's Audio Unit or AU, and Micro\$oft's DirectX or DX. Apparently there are also plug-ins known as "wrapper" plug-ins; they are called that because they allow you to run one type of plug-in as another, so for example you can run VST plug-ins as Audio Units, and such.

I should also mention that most of the plug-ins I talk about here have been recommended by people who have used them, and I'm thankful for their input on this topic. I myself have used a few audio effects plug-ins, but I tend to concentrate my efforts more on the music itself. What I do tend to use more, are virtual instrument plug-ins. Those are different, at least in my eyes, to effects plug-ins, because they perform a different function. Effects plug-ins have an effect of some kind on the actual audio, performing such common functions as reverb, delay, compression, chorus, flange, gate, EQ, filtering and such.

Virtual instrument plug-ins on the other hand, are software applications that emulate an actual instrument, like a guitar, drums, saxophone, vintage synthesizer, etc. As with the effects plug-ins, they usually come with a certain number of "factory" presets, but you can also create your own presets/patches by manipulating the parameters it comes with.

For this column, I'll concentrate on the audio effects plug-ins, which all except for one I mention, are free or donationware.

First, and coming highly recommended, is **Smartelectronix** - a collective of people all over the globe who create many unusual but useful music or audio effects plug-ins. They pride themselves on making music software that goes against what is considered current or the norm in the music software world. At the same time, the music software they produce is of a high quality, and is available for free or at the very least, is affordable.

Here are a few plug-ins from a very active (and generous) member of the Smartelectronix collective, Bram:

s(M)exoscope: this one is a realtime waveform display - it allows you to see what your audio waveform looks like. To the right side of the display, there are several settings such as time, amp, four retrigger modes, a waveform analyzer, and more. The documentation for this plug-in is available in a zipfile or online.

Bouncy: this one imitates a bouncing ball delay. On Bram's page, which I've listed further below, there's a link to a QuickTime demo of what this plug-in does to a sound. Very cool effect! This one is also donationware, should you wish to download it. The AU version has had some features added to it such as a longer delay and it eats up fewer CPUs. It comes with a few slider settings, such as delay, delay shape, amp shape, and such.

Bram's Cyanide 2: this one looks like fun. It's a graphical wave shaper. Also donationware. It allows realtime shaping and distortion of audio anyway you like. There's a graphic window, with knobs on both sides, one side being "Pre", the other side being "Post". The knobs control amp, filter type, and filter frequency. The bottom window shows a preview of what you've done, along with another knob alongside the preview window, which allows you to set how wet or dry you want it. You can even save what you've done in a bank, as a patch. A readme is included with it.

Bram's SupaPhaser: this one's a phaser plug-in, and touted as one of the best available. As with the others, it is donationware. This one too comes with many settings for envelope and oscillator, as well as pre-phaser distort or saturate, so you can get exactly the effect you're after.

Please remember that these plug-ins take a lot of time and lots of hard work to create, so please make a donation (PayPal) to the developer before you download any one plug-in.

To view all the plug-ins Bram has created, learn more about the plug-ins I've mentioned, make a donation(s), download, news, and more, visit Bram's page at:

http://bram.smartelectronix.com/

And here's the link to the smartelectronix collective, where you can get more information about what they do, news updates, sign up for their free newsletter, and check out the plug-ins that have been created by their other members:

http://www.smartelectronix.com

Than there's a bundle of audio processing plug-ins available from the people at http://www.digitalfishphones.com called fish fillets. It's a package of three effects, and is a free download, along with a downloadable manual, with the one for Mac OS available for VST or as AudioUnits. The three effects are:

"Blockfish": a versatile compressor

"Spitfish": an easy to use de-esser, mainly to correct vocal tracks

"Floorfish": a simple expander/noise gate device

You can visit the website for more info, news and updates on the latest changes, installation and known issues/bugs:

http://www.digitalfishphones.com/main.php?item=2&subItem=5

Than there's a company called "Waves", which specializes in the development of audio signal processing software. Please note that the plug-ins here are not free! They range in price anywhere from \$150 to the most expensive, at \$700, with most falling somewhere in-between, and include things like EQ, compression, noise gate, dynamics processor, de-esser, chorus, phaser, flanger and much more.

For more info, visit their website: http://www.waves.com

From a company called **Luxonix**, a plug-in called the LFX-1310. It is freeware, available for OS X, VST and AU check the website for those particulars. It's a three-pronged effects generator, which apparently allows you to increase the number of effects you can use in GarageBand from two to six. To download it, visit the website at http://www.luxonix.com/home/en/

Under the "Downloads" column, you'll find the LFX-1310 listing which will take you to its download window.

Next, from maxim digital audio is a bundle of free audio effects plug-ins that you can download all in one go. They are available as AU and VST plugins. The AU plug-ins bundle includes things like amp simulation, detune, delay, compressor/limiter/gate, Leslie, 3D panner and vocoder, among others.

To check it out, visit the link: http://mda.smartelectronix.com/effects.htm

Another company called Nomad Factory also puts out free plug-ins. One is called "Blue Tubes", another called the "Essential Studio Suite", "Rock Amp Legends", and "LIQUID Bundle". There is also something called the "Nomad Free Bundle", which was recommended in particular, and includes something called a sweeper, tremolo and a phaser. All the plug-ins I've mentioned here comes with user manuals as well. Here's the link:

http://www.nomadfactory.com/downloads/index.html

Another free AU plug-in recommended by a GarageBand user is called **Frohmage**. It's a resonant low-pass filter made by a company called Ohmforce, who by the way, make other plug-ins. This plug-in is actually listed somewhere on the macmusic.org plug-in page I've mentioned at the end of this article, but I wanted to make special mention of Frohmage since it was recommended. Here's the direct link to it:

http://macmusic.org/softs/version.php/lang/EN/id/2042/

There's a Swiss (?) company called **apulsoft**, which creates some of their own plug-ins, but it looks like mainly they port free plug-ins to other platforms and standards, so that both Mac and Windoze users can use them in whatever software program. (Cubase, GarageBand, Logic etc.)

There's a link on their website which takes you to a page of free plug-ins, called "Ports of Free Plugs". Here's the direct link:

http://apulsoft.ch/freeports/index.php

And finally, for a very detailed listing of many (or perhaps most, going by how many there were!) available software plug-ins, visit this link:

http://macmusic.org/softs/softcat.php/lang/EN/id/7037/

It lists the name of the plug-in, the developer, which formats it is available in, which OS it will work with, cost and other assorted information. And there are several ways of viewing the information on the page. If for example you would like to see only the plug-ins that are available in AU, just click on "AudioUnit" near the top of the page, and it will list only those plug-ins. I did that, and what came up was a listing a mile long, so the sky's the limit!

This article was a very broad overview of free or low-cost effects plug-ins. Just try a few at a time, otherwise it's easy to quickly become overwhelmed with the myriad of possibilities that they each offer. And most importantly, remember to have fun!



Mac Pro Podcast

http://www.macpropodcast.com/

Video Podcast Basics - Shooting for Videast

by Joseph Nilo

Are you ready to join the glamorous world of video podcasting? Do you find yourself with way too much free time, getting too much sleep, and seeing way too much of your friends and family? Then video podcasting is right for you!

Here is an overview and some tips for getting your video podcast up and running. This article will be the first in a three part series . . . check back in future columns for "Editing for Vidcast" and "Encoding for Vidcast".

This article assumes you've done some research on podcasting in general . . . if you need some good places to start:

Apple's Podcasting forums:

http://discussions.apple.com/forum.jspa?forumID=1107

Podcast Alley forums:

http://www.podcastalley.com

Podcast 411 podcast:

http://www.podcast411.com

Podcaster Confessions Blog (yes, blatant self-promotion, here) http://www.podcasterconfessions.com

My Podcaster Confessions blog has a series I've been working on called "Podcasting 101: The Guide" that has some tips for you in the beginning stages of your podcasting venture.

Shoot!

We're assuming here that you've got a video camera of some sort. Mini DV cameras have become quite affordable. You don't necessarily need the latest, greatest HD camera to get your message across.

In the January issue of Mac Companion, I wrote an article that highlighted some shooting and lighting basics (on a budget). Check it out!

Some tips to keep in mind as they relate to a video podcast:

• Closeups are more interesting that big wide shots

Wide shots are for documentaries and westerns. Keep in mind you're going to be (in most cases) encoding your video down to 320x240 and people will be watching your masterpiece in iTunes or on their iPods.

• Progressive footage encodes better than interlaced

Most of you out there might not need to worry about this . . . 99% of consumer DV cameras shoot standard NTSC (North American standard) or PAL (for those of you in Europe) footage, which is interlaced. Interlacing is the method most standard televisions use-- you are watching 2 fields made up of odd and even lines. This is done very quickly by the TV. It draws the even lines first and then the odd ones.

Progressive footage is not interlaced . . . it is made up of a sequence of full images. A buzzword lately is cameras that shoot "24P"-- 24 frames per second of progressive footage, which emulates the frame rate and look of a film camera.

All that being said, progressive footage looks better on a computer screen (which is not interlaced like a television) and is easier on the encoder, especially if you only have 24 frames per second as opposed to the more standard 29.97 frames per second NTSC specification.

Handheld footage does not encode as well as locked down footage

Put that camera on a tripod! I believe this is the first rule of "kicking your home movies up a notch." When you encode video and are concerned with quality and file size, "locked down" works so much better.

A video encoder looks at the information in one frame of video as it compares to the next. If there is a static background, the encoder can use the same information as in the previous frame to make the same bit of information in the next, and the next, etc. This efficiency makes the encoder happy and results in better quality and smaller file sizes.

Some other things that can choke an encoder (other than shaky footage), are pictures with lots and lots of information: trees blowing in the wind, moving water, etc.

So get out there and shoot! Video podcasting (I believe) is a revolution and a "new generation" of video content. It's quite exciting to be a part of the next wave of media. It's your opportunity to be seen as well as heard.

Next Episode: Editing for Vidcast

For more information on multimedia in the Macintosh platform, check out my weekly Mac Pro Podcast vidcast at www.macpropodcast.com

And for more information on the art and business of podcasting, (complete with tutorials!), drop by Podcaster Confessions: www.podcasterconfessions.com



Mac ReviewCast

http://www.surfbits.com

Best of the Best Freeware for the Mac

by Tim Verpoorten

This was a month of freeware updates that contained many applications that added the universal binary version to its download list. But, like always there are still many freeware applications that are either new releases, or updated with new features. We'll look at these applications and try to point you at only the best of the freeware. As always, the Mac ReviewCast podcast will have my weekly listings of freeware and at the end of each month we'll combine all the weekly picks and present them here on *macCompanion*. Think of it as the best of the best list.

Rip to iPod: http://www.dougscripts.com/itunes/scripts/scripts08.php?page=1 - riptoipod

It rips each enabled (check-marked) CD track to iTunes and immediately copies it to iPod, deletes the file, and removes the track from the iTunes library, giving the appearance of seamless CD-to-iPod importing. You can also change your encoder on the fly and your Preferences-set encoder will be restored after the rip. Works in OS 9 and OS X. The latest version allows you to select one of two or more loaded CDs, one of two or more mounted iPods.

iSquint: http://www.isquint.org/readme.php

I've talked about iSquint before, but it's such a great program for anyone with a video iPod that I have to mention it again. iSquint is an iPod video conversion app. It's up to 5 times faster than Apple's method, works well with AVIs and MPEGs, and it's free. It's also really easy. Just drag in your file, and click Start. You can also choose "TV" or "iPod" sizes, set your quality, or even go all-out by playing in the Advanced drawer. On a 1.5GHz G4, iSquint can convert most video files to iPod-screen-sized videos in real-time. Depending on a few factors, a 20 minute video will take up anywhere from 50-150MB of disk space.

Homebrew Formulator: http://brew.reboritull.com/

Are you a home brewmaster? Maybe you've wanted to try your hand at brewing your own beer? This app is for you. Homebrew Formulator is an application for creating and managing beer recipes on Mac OS X. It is a Filemaker runtime application, so it has a powerful database driving its capabilities. Some features include Creation of full mash, partial mash, and extract beer recipes, Beer list sortable by recipe name, beer style, or date brewed, Beer styles from the most current BJCP Style Guidelines. There are tons more features that would make any brewmaster salivate.

Next we look at a unique and beautiful program called;

Celestia: http://celestia.sourceforge.net

It's a free space simulation that lets you explore our universe in three dimensions. Unlike most planetarium software, Celestia doesn't confine you to the surface of the Earth. You can travel throughout the solar system, to any of over 100,000 stars, or even beyond the galaxy. All movement in Celestia is seamless; the exponential zoom feature lets you explore space across a huge range of scales, from galaxy clusters down to spacecraft only a few meters across. A 'point-and-go to' interface makes it simple to navigate through the universe to the object you want to visit. Celestia is expandable. Celestia comes with a large catalog of stars, planets, moons, asteroids, comets, and spacecraft. If that's not enough, you can download dozens of easy to install add-ons with more objects. This is breath-takingly beautiful, you have to check it out for yourself.

I love changing my desktop pictures, I'm amazed at the wonderful photography out there and how great it looks on my iMac's desktop. This program gives me the best photos out there for my desktop. It's called;

Pic-A-POD: http://www.troz.net/Pic-a-POD

It downloads the picture of the day from your choice of three sites: National Geographic, Astronomy, and Earth Science. Set your desktop picture to one of the downloaded photos. Schedule downloads to update automatically. Change the desktop picture periodically. Download photos of the day for any selected date.

Mini view to free up desktop space. Picture Browser & Viewer to scan through all downloads. Themes allow you to select a color scheme or design your own. I love great looking desktops and this program will do it for me.

DesInstaller: http://krugazor.free.fr/software/desinstaller/DesInstaller.php

The DesInstaller is a simple tool that reads the receipts generated when you install a pkg file with Apple's Installer. Every file installed by this package is removed, even if it has been modified, and archived if you ask the DesInstaller to. If you decide to use a reinstaller, you will get a tar archive, for portability, and a shell script with a "command" extension, to be double clickable.

Mr Tides: http://homepage.mac.com/augusth/MrTides/

This program is based (roughly) on XTide 2.8 by Dave Flater. The XTide web page is a great source for tide program information. It provides tide and current predictions in a wide variety of formats. Graphs, text listings, and calendars can be generated, or a tide clock can be provided on your desktop.

Beware of Molecules: http://totlandweb.info/

While Beware of Molecules is primarily a tool for calculating the weight of a chemical compound with a given chemical formula, we all know that such formulae are not always easy to remember, and to be honest, who remembers the formulae (or proper chemical names) of things like nicotine, caffeine or paracetamol? Therefore, Beware of Molecules 4.0 contains a database of not only what names ties to what formula, but also, where applicable, multiple names for the same compound or different compounds with the same empirical formula. (The presence of a given compound name is only required for name <=> formula translation, and not for correct calculation of the molecular weight.) This reference is automatically updated from Totland Software's server, although this is optional.

tickr for flickr: http://www.stuffonfire.com/P/tickr/help/

tickr for flickr is a way to enjoy photos from flickr as they slowly glide down (or across!) one of the coveted spaces on the edge side of your desktop. You can search for photos by tag, by title and description, or by user, and tickr will scroll the photos until flickr runs out of photos to show you. In many cases, this is a really, really, really long time.

iFile: http://www.aliencrypt.com/page3/quick_convert.html

Using Drag and Drop Files, iFILE makes file format conversions easy and simple. You can convert single or multiple files at once into the following formats: Microsoft Word (.doc), Rich Text Format (RTF) - (RTFD), Simple Text (.TXT), HTML Documents, (HTML Web Archives), and (XML) Documents and the upcoming version 1.4 will have Adding simple and fast Graphic conversions. (PNG, JPEG, GIF, Tiff, PSD, ...and some more.

FrontRow Enabler: http://www.andrewescobar.com/frontrow

Thanks to an update from Apple, Front Row can now be easily installed on any Mac running 10.4.4 Tiger. While you previous had to rely on quirky hacks, Front Row can now be added to Tiger with full support, including keyboard shortcut and sound preferences. The website has the download for Frontrow and the enabler, just go to the URL and follow the directions.

Gimp: gimp-app.sourceforge.net

If you never tried The Gimp, then you're in for a real treat. It's a Photoshop type program that's easy to use and multi-platformed. The best thing about it is it's free. Download it and give it a try if you're not running Photoshop.

Open Office: http://www.openoffice.org

As the name suggests, OpenOffice.org is the most open office suite available:

- no commercial licenses or software compliance issues to worry about
- no language barriers if it's not yet available in your language, the chances are it will be soon
- available on all major computing platforms
- the first office suite to comply with the OASIS OpenDocument format
- the source code for the software is freely available under a full OSI certified license
- the software looks and feels familiar and is instantly usable by anyone who has used a competitive product
- it's easy to change to OpenOffice.org the software reads all major competitors' files
- OpenOffice.org is supported by a global community of friendly volunteers, only too happy to provide assistance to newcomers and advanced users alike.

What's in OpenOffice.org?

WRITER is OpenOffice.org's word processor

Use CALC to bring your numbers under control. This powerful spreadsheet has all the tools you need to calculate, analyze, summarize, and present your data in numerical reports or sizzling graphics.

IMPRESS is the fastest, most powerful way to create effective multimedia presentations.

DRAW will produce everything from simple diagrams to dynamic 3D illustrations and special effects.

New to Version 2, BASE enables you to manipulate database data seamlessly within OpenOffice.org. Create and modify tables, forms, queries, and reports, either using your own database or Base's own built-in HSQL database engine.

CocoaBooklet: http://www.iconus.ch/fabien/cocoabooklet

This program lets you create a booklet out of a PDF file, which is known as pages imposition. It is a useful tool to reduce the number of pages that has to be printed, which lets you save a lot of paper.

A booklet is book that is bound in the middle. Which means that a booklet has four pages printed on one sheet of paper (two on each sides). The bottom line is that you simply print your booklet, staple it by the middle, fold it in two and you have a book: CocoaBooklet lets you use it as a PDF service. This is only available for Mac OS X 10.2.4 and above. Once you've installed it, try printing a document (from your favorite browser or text editor or whatever). On the print window, you will find a button with a PDF icon in it, if you click on this button you will have the opportunity of creating a PDF file but also to directly create a booklet.

These next two programs are from Peter Maurer, we've talked about him and them before, but he seems to create such great freeware apps that you have to talk about them again and again.

Service Scrubber: http://www.petermaurer.de

You all know about Mac's services menu right? It's the list of services performed from the drop down menu under the name of the program you're running in the menubar.

Wouldn't the services menu be much more useful if it weren't overcrowded by services you never even thought of using? With Service Scrubber, you can:

- restructure the services menu
- change service keyboard shortcuts
- disable services

Textpander: http://www.petermaurer.de

We've talked about this before and I just can't tell you how productive you can be when you learn to use Textpander. Haven't you always wanted to type more efficiently and more accurately? Textpander listens to what you type and inserts text snippets on the fly whenever you enter their corresponding predefined abbreviations.

Things you can do with Textpander;

- insert standard greetings, text fragments, and signatures including formatted text and pictures
- insert the current date and time in any format you prefer
- use editor-independent code templates and have Textpander position the cursor just where it needs to be
- type special characters without having to launch any special characters palette
- have Textpander correct typos automatically
- import text snippets from other typing utilities
- Textpander is controlled from its own preference pane inside your System Preferences. Being designed for easy handling, Textpander blends in perfectly with your operating system.

Webphoto: http://www.ionize.org

Have you ever wished you could easily put your iPhoto library online? With webPhoto, you can.

webPhoto is a Java web application that reads your iPhoto Library and presents an interface similar to iPhoto via a web browser so that anyone on any platform can view your photos. webPhoto is perfect for multi-platform homes and businesses that have an iPhoto library they would like to share. Features:

- Display the contents of your iPhoto library via a web interface
- Automatically resizes images down for lower-bandwidth users (New!)
- · Choose which albums to display
- Show or hide images associated to your iPhoto keywords
- Create user accounts to protect your images
- Require a login to view the photos in your site
- Easily email users to inform them of new photos

Xfolders: http://www.kai-heitkamp.com

If the finder is getting you frustrated, you may enjoy this freeware application. Xfolders adds to the functionality of the Finder by acing a little like that old Norton application called Norton Commander. If you ever used it, you'll know that it was a solid functional product. That's what xfolder is doing for the Finder, check it out.

That will do it for this month. Hope you find a few freeware items that help you enjoy your Mac as much as I enjoy using mine.



Musings From Mars

http://www.musingsfrommars.org

Some Bloggers Jump The Gun By Labeling iTunes 6.0.2 "Spyware" by Leland Scott

Boing Boing: iTunes update spies on your listening and sends it to Apple? http://www.boingboing.net/2006/01/11/itunes update spies .html

[Update: 1/19/06 Yes, Boing Boing's first take on the new iTunes ministore was to accuse Apple of foisting spyware on its customers. I originally called the author of that story an idiot... actually, a "paranoid idiot." I now admit to doing a little gun-jumping myself. Just goes to show how sensitive consumers are to perceived privacy transgressions—even a company with as good a record as Apple—and also how sensitive some idiots like me are to perceived unfair criticisms of Apple. As it played out, it turns out that Apple wasn't as sensitive to the privacy issue as it could have been, but they quickly made a few changes to make amends. And all is now well again in the land of Pod. Boing Boing has since published an update that almost completely clears Apple.

Here, then is the rest of what I wrote on 1/11 in reaction to Boing Boing's original article, minus the name-calling.]

iTunes is a web-based application that knows what you've played because you clicked on a store link. Duh. It's like Amazon knowing you like printers because you looked at a few, or, in its very lame way, like Walmart's recent foray into "enhanced" shopping by offering people who looked at Rev. King's speech video the clearly "related" Planet of the Apes series. Writer likes this are either idiots or they're being paid by Microsoft to keep an eye out for potential targets of Apple FUD. Everyone who's checked into this clearly indicates that no network traffic is going from your machine to Apple's, other than when you browse the music store or have the ministore open, which, of course, is on Apple's servers to begin with. If I'm missing something, please enlighten me!

Just as a reminder, here is the definition of "spyware":

Any type of software that transmits information [to an external server] without the user's knowledge.

The phrase "without the user's knowledge" is key here. It appears that there was much irresponsible "jumping the gun" by reporting iTunes as behaving in this very objectionable manner. Read on...

[Update, later on 1/11/06...] OK, so I've done my own research into this new iTunes feature now, and my early suspicions were right on target. As much as some people would like to believe it, Apple has not "pulled a fast one" or "become Big Brother" or "foisted this on me" or any of the other b***hit people have been writing on the Apple discussion groups and elsewhere on the web today. What is it that makes people so suspicious of Apple here? Could it be, Microsoft's behavior? As I've argued before, Microsoft is NOT (or should not be considered) the norm for how a technology company behaves. Microsoft is a horrible aberration that, through its huge success, has set some very low, new standards.

Apple is a profit-making venture, after all, so it's not surprising that they would be trying to make money here. But the amazing negative reaction I've read from some squeaky wheels today is enough to make me very suspicious about who's starting the bitching... and why. All it takes is a few minutes with the iTunes ministore to (a) realize that it can easily be turned off and (b) could actually provide some benefits to using iTunes.

You don't have to venture far to find friends of mine who know how much I loathe advertising. Beer commercials on stock cars and life insurance companies on hockey players' uniforms and feminine deodorant pads on buses are truly invasive and disturbing. But an application that shows me other music by the artist I happen to be listening to is hardly Big Brother at work. It's got the same potential as that freeware, PearLyrics, and many similar freeware that's sprung up this year, which try to find artwork and lyrics for the music you're listening to.

Geez... Also, people seemed to be sure that Apple was pulling a Microsoft by continuing to eavesdrop on our musical taste even after we closed the ministore. But a quick perusal of the Apple website today would clear that up for anyone who might be worried. Rather than getting all emotional and nasty, try using your thinking cap next time, and you would have found—as I did after one search from the Apple support site—this technical note, which, among other things, says plainly:

iTunes sends data about the song selected in your library to the iTunes Music Store to provide relevant recommendations. When the MiniStore is hidden, this data is not sent to the iTunes Music Store.

Come on people... Until Apple starts behaving like Microsoft, let's continue to give them the benefit of the doubt that they aren't. And let's try to remember that iTunes is free software that provides us with the best digital jukebox anywhere, and aside from the music store (which you can easily avoid) has **no advertising at all**. There are plenty of targets for legitimate complaints about spyware... and there are many Windows users who are just dying to discover some that run on a Macintosh. Well, let me tell you, iTunes ain't spyware!



Practical Strategies

http://www.PracticalStrategyConsulting.com

Anything Worth Doing

by Christopher Duncan

All my life, I've heard the same things over and over again. Calm down. Mellow out. Eat your vegetables. Okay, maybe that last one doesn't fit the trend but I can assure you, I've heard just about every other variation on this theme that there is. Apparently, I tend to make the cattle nervous. That's fine by me, as I think cows are just a bit too laid back to begin with. This probably has something to do with why they're such a popular entré.

Be that as it may, it's widely known among my friends that I came factory equipped with a two speed motor: on and off. Although some are willing to pay extra for the models with all those nifty gears in between, to me they're just a waste of time. My personal motto is quite simple. Anything worth doing is worth doing to extremes.

Of course, this means that folks continually shake their heads at my antics and wonder aloud if I'll ever grow up and learn moderation. I'm guessing that the two are related, since pursuing your goals with passion is, in many minds, the hallmark of adolescence. If that's the case, then you can bet that I will forever play my music too loud, drive too fast, and dive into any endeavor I undertake with everything I've got.

I'm used to having people question my conviction that the only way to burn is white hot. For some reason, many have been brought up to believe that extremes are a bad thing and that moderation is the key to life. Personally, I have no clue as to what the meaning of life may be, but I do know one thing. Excellence, by definition, is an extreme. And I believe that excellence is, without a doubt, a good thing.

In fairness, being a creature of extremes is not entirely without its risks. Hitting the wall at 100 miles an hour is a bit more of an exciting event than making contact at 20, and trust me, that's just not the sort of excitement that most of us want. However, does this mean that we should never go full throttle? Of course not. It simply indicates that if you throw yourself heart, body and soul into your pursuits, you'd darned well better know how to steer.

Another thing to keep in mind is that other people have feelings, too, and they're just as important as yours are. When you strive for excellence in a group environment, some will be unhappy because they feel that you're making them look bad, or perhaps are raising the bar and forcing them to perform at a higher level of effort than they care to offer.

Does this mean that you must therefore lower your own standards? Don't be silly. However, it does point out that you should always be aware of the consequences of your actions, and wherever possible approach your work in a manner that is considerate of others. Although there are many ways to do this, start by including them in the glory that your high standards will naturally bring, even if they did little to help. It might be just what they need to see the point of giving it their best. Witnessing such a transformation in people can be a rewarding experience.

Most of all, however, you need to realize that life will not conveniently deliver the pot of gold to your door while you sit on your posterior watching old reruns of I Love Lucy. If you want something better, in any area of your life, you have to give it your all. Learn to ignore those who would cool your jets, and go for it anyway. Only when you shake off the limitations in your own mind can you reach for the stars. Remember, anything worth doing is worth doing to extremes.

Christopher Duncan is the best selling author of Unite the Tribes and The Career Programmer. In addition to his seminars, he's a popular speaker and frequent guest on radio shows across the country. He's currently working to improve companies and careers nationwide through his work with the Campaign for American Excellence. To contact Christopher, visit http://www.PracticalStrategyConsulting.com

doc_Babad's Macintosh Tips - A Macintosh Tip or Three...

February 2006 Edition

by Harry {doc} Babad



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This month I continue sharing my occasional tip related finds with you. Many, but not all of the Tips I share come from Paul Taylor's Hints&Tips column athttp://www.mac-hints-tips.com and are used with his permission. Where I use any tips for this column, I acknowledge both their source and their contributors.

The tips for this month are a motley collection related to whatever caught my fancy. Now I know that you would expect me, as a scientist type to organize these tips on an orderly fashion. No way! Just check them out and enjoy.

Oh, I almost forgot! Unless otherwise noted, all the tips and tidbits I share, where appropriate, work on my computer. If I don't own the software but the tip sounds interesting, I'll so note.

The software related tips were tested on a 1 GHz dual processor PowerPC G4 Macintosh with 2 GB DDR SDRAM running under Macintosh OS X OS X 10.4.4.

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Keyboards Are Disgusting — [Infectious keyboards, this gives bugs a new meaning!] http://hardware.slashdot.org/hardware/06/01/18/1330244.shtml Posted by CmdrTaco on Wednesday January 18, 2006.

fredr1k writes "A test carried out by Pegasus Lab on account for Swedish magazine PC För alla showed that a normal PC keyboard was infected by more bacteria than a normal toilet seat. More specific it contained 33000 bacteria per square centimeter, compared to 130 on an ordinary toilet seat. The tests also showed occurrence of up to 3100 fungi per square centimeter."

Also, note that unless you read Swedish, you still have plausible deniability when asked to Windex yours.

Lost for Words — Say you're typing in the Tiger version of a text-centric Apple application such as TextEdit, Mail, iChat, or Stickies, and you can't conjure up the complete word you're looking for. Just type the first couple of letters in the word and press the escape key. A list of words that begin with the letters you've typed appears. Select the one you want, and it replaces the letters you've typed. —Scott Mahrer [No added information available)

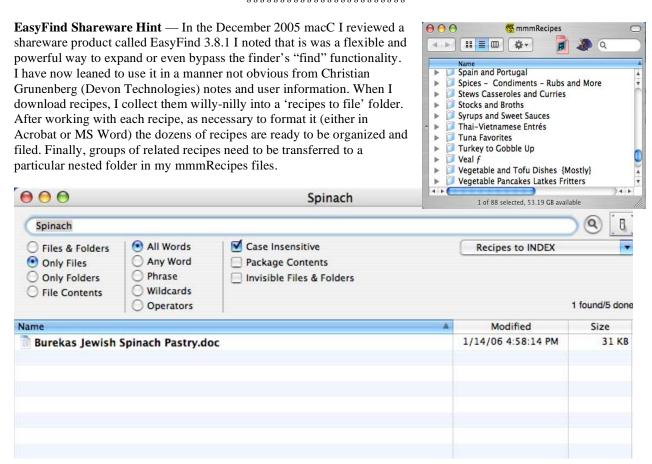
— \$

Save Those Serial Numbers — I recently had to do a complete restore of my laptop hard drive and thank goodness, all of my data files were backed up to DVD. However, trying to go back and reinstall all of the little applications that I had installed over the years proved to be a major chore. Some of the programs were ones that I had purchased and others were freebies. Normally I'm quite good at keeping track of all of my serial numbers and such but I've found that if the program and the serial number are not kept in the same place, odds are they will never get back together again.

There is a very simple way to keep them together under OS X. Cut and paste the serial number into the spotlight comment. But what if the file gets deleted you say? Well, here's what I do. When I buy a program online I'll download it and it's packed into a single .dmg or .sitx file. I'll click on it to select it and then press the Command/I to get the properties window to open up and then just type in the serial number into the comment field and close the window. Now back that file up to a CDR. There you have it, an archived program with the serial number ready to be restored whenever you need it.

Bob Hastings Hints and Tips, December 2005

— \$ —



Now, Christian, if I could only drop files directly into EasyFind folder icon instead of having to locate the preferred (found) folder by control clicking in via the Macintosh finder.

By Harry (doc) Babad

— \$

When OS Updates Go Bad (MacFixit Bug of the Month) — It happens when you least expect it-something goes wrong while you're installing the latest Mac OS X update. Perhaps the install simply fails during the process, or you get a mysterious message saying the update wasn't complete. Here's what to do to fix the problem.

TRY AGAIN. Run the updater again, even if your system appears to work normally after the failed updateall appropriate system components may not have been updated, which may cause problems later on.

TRY, TRY, AGAIN. If the above still results in a failed install, try booting from an alternate startup volume, and then run the updater-you can use another Mac or an external hard drive with OS X installed to boot the problematic system in FireWire target disk mode. Once booted from an alternate drive, select the problematic volume in the Finder, and press Command-I. Check the box marked Ignore Ownership Permissions On This Volume, and run the updater once more.

FOURTH TIME'S A CHARM. That didn't work either? Boot from the alternate startup volume again, but before you install the update, use a third-party disk-repair utility such as Alsoft's DiskWarrior (\$79.95, http:/www.alsoft.com) or Prosoft's Drive Genius (\$99, www.prosofteng.com) to rebuild the problematic volume(s) directory.

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. If you experience more-severe issues after the failed update, try booting from the Mac OS X install disc, run the installer, and choose Archive And Install, which replaces your OS with an entirely fresh one. Then install the Mac OS X combo updater and the next time Apple releases an update, don't check email, surf the Web, render video, play iTunes music, or do anything else while you're installing it. Just let the updater run; that will minimize the chances of an installation failure.

From: MacAddict February 2006

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Hints about Toast, Jam and iTunes

Making Copies with Toast & Jam — Backing up audio CDs with iTunes is a tedious process. You need to rip them as AIFF files (by going to iTunes' Importing preference pane and changing the "Import Using" setting to AIFF Encoder) and then burn the resulting files back to a CD-R. OS X's Disk Utility won't let you create an image of an audio disc. However, Toast makes duplicating audio CDs easy by letting you copy an audio CD directly from one optical drive to another. If you have multiple burners, just choose the drive you want to copy from in the "Read From" pop-up menu, and choose the drive you want to record with in the pop-up menu that appears at the bottom of the Toast window. Then click on the "Record" button and watch as Toast copies your disc.

Toast also gives you the option of saving audio CDs as disk images (instead of copying them directly to blank CDs)—ideal if you have only one burner or if you plan to make multiple copies of a disc. You can also mount these images and they will play back in iTunes as if they were physical audio CDs.

And when burning audio CDs, iTunes creates a plain-vanilla disc. If you'd like to create an enhanced audio CD that also includes pictures and text, or if you want to fashion a disc that includes CDText (information such as the album and song title that appears in the display of compatible players), a tool such as Toast is necessary.

Convert and Restore LPs and Tapes — You can use iTunes to rip CDs but not to record audio from a computer's audio-input port. With CD Spin Doctor (a program included with Toast and with Roxio's Boom Box), you can record your old LPs and tapes to your Mac. The program can recognize gaps between songs and automatically segments albums into tracks for you. It can also remove pops and crackles.

Breen's Mac 911 via TMUG Insider, Pleasanton, CA

With Permission from Paul Taylor — Hints and Tips, November 2005

Normalizing Track and Album Volumes — iTunes includes the "Sound Check" feature that balances the volume of tracks so they more closely match one another. This isn't always a desirable effect, because audio engineers purposely master recordings so that some tracks are quieter than others, and when you impose Sound Check, you lose the balance between soft and loud recordings on an album. Jam lets you balance (normalize) tracks either individually or in groups; you'd balance them individually to give tracks from different CDs the same volume, or

you'd balance a group of tracks to increase an album's overall volume without boosting all the tracks to the same volume.

Chris Breen's Mac 911 via TMUG Insider, Pleasanton, CA Hints and Tips, November 2005

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Make Easy PDFs from Web Pages — Web pages change from time to time and in the past one could capture a whole web page using Internet Explorer for archiving the content. Now an almost magical way is to use Acrobat Pro 7. With Acrobat Pro active go to File > Create PDF > from Web Page and paste in the URL. Acrobat makes a PDF of the web page but that is not all! If there is a link on that PDF to another page, click on it and you now created another page in your original PDF. Cool!

Lynn Rybarczyk Hints and Tips, January 2006

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LCD Spring Cleaning! — Time to get out those lint-free cloths and go to work on your computer both externally especially your fingerprint laden LCD display? How to Clean the LCD

- 1. Turn off the computer or display. You may need to turn off the computer in order to turn off some Apple displays.
- 2. Dampen a clean, soft, lint-free cloth or paper with water only.
- 3. Wipe the screen. Do not spray liquid directly on the screen. You may also use a mild glass cleaner that contains no alcohol or ammonia. While there are many commercial products available that will work without damaging the plastics, Apple has tested a product called Klear Screen, made by Meridrew Enterprises, and found it does not cause any harm to the plastics. Packages of 12 Klear Screen sell for \$9, or you can buy three packages for \$23 http://www.smalldog.com/ product/40942/atcontest/. More hints on other foci for bits of cleaning are to found in Paul's January Hints and tips column.

Small Dog Electronics (www.smalldog.com.) Hints and Tips, January 2006

— \$ —

Decompressing Classic SEA Compressed Files — Remember .sea (Self extracting archives) files from your old Classic days? Still have some floating around, but you don't want www.mac-hints-tips.com January 2006 • Page to start Classic to open them? You don't have to. Just drag it to your StuffIt Expander icon.

Apple Pickers MUG, Indianapolis, IN Hints and Tips, January 2006

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Sharing Safari Bookmarks — Occasionally you might be asked to share your Safari bookmarks with a friend or correspondent. Perhaps you have a knack at developing a splendid list of things that are the envy of all. It is particularly easy to share or copy bookmarks from Safari.

Here's how. While in Safari, click "Show All Bookmarks." Next, highlight them, and copy them to the clipboard with the familiar Command/C (copy). Then, while composing your email to your V (paste) and there your bookmarks will be, ready for transmission. When your friend receives the email, (s)he can just highlight and drag the bookmarks directly into Bookmarks. It's that simple.

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Spellchecking in Safari — Did you know you could spell-check in Safari as well? What's that you say? Why would I want to spell-check someone else's webpage? It's not FOR that, silly. Command/semi-colon (;) runs spell-check, as usual. Run it while in a text entry box on a webpage to check what YOU just wrote, before you post it to that chat board.

TMUG Insider, Pleasanton, CA With Permission from Paul Taylor — Hints and Tips, January 2006

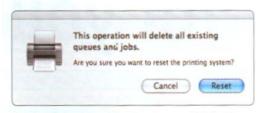
— \$



Printing Troubles — My Mac's Printer Setup Utility is hosed. I can't get anything to print. I can't even get Printer Setup Utility to open so I can try to fix it. I just need to start over-but how do I do that?

As long as you have Mac as 10.4, there is an easy remedy to your problem. Tiger's Printer Setup Utility (Applications! > Utilities) has an option in the Printer Setup Utility menu called Reset Printing System that will completely wipe out any and all printers and print settings. This is definitely a last-resort option, because

it forces you to set up your printers from scratch, but doing so should fix your issues.



Professional troubleshooters call this the shotgun approach.

In your case, where the Printer Setup Utility won't even open, try holding down Option while launching Printer Setup

Utility. This brings up the Reset Printing System option immediately. If you're not using Tiger yet, try Fixamac Software's Printer Setup Repair 5.0.3 for Tiger and 4.4.2 for Panther (Shareware \$19.95) download from http://www.fixamacsoftware.com/software/psr/.

MacAddict, January 2006

That's all folks...

Views from the Ivory Tower

MacWorld Expo – And Beyond

by Ted Bade

January was quite a month for Apple. You probably heard the big news, that the Intel Based Macs would be released before promised. In case you haven't, Apple released a new laptop. Now called the MacBook. It is an Intel based Macintosh laptop. The name change is related to the fact that they are no longer sporting PowerPC chips, and, as Steve Jobs said at the Keynote, its time for a change in name. The new flat panel iMacs now will now sport an Intel processor as well. My only concern about the change of processor (the same one I had when they switched from the 68K family to the PowerPC family), is how well will it support all the software I have in my collection? There are several packages I use on a regular basis and I don't want to have to replace them all at once. People who primarily use Macs for home use, web browsing and email, probably won't have a problem, all the iApps will work fine on the new Macs.

The investors feel Apple is doing well, since the stock price sky rocketed around the MacWorld Expo, reaching another all time high. Apple's Market cap grew to surpass Dell, the leading manufacturer of Windows based PCs. So these are pretty good times from Apple.

Did you really, really want an iPod?? - Did you hear about what happened to a couple of people who bought iPods from Wal-Mart? According to an article posted on ABCNews.com,

http://abcnews.go.com/Technology/story?id=1450350, one person opened their iPod present to find it filled with a meat product. That is to say it is suspected that somebody took the iPod and replaced it with some meat! I also heard a story of an iPod being replaced by a pack of batteries (to simulate its weight). The article said that a Wal-Mart spokes person said they would provide a replacement iPod when they could. Nothing was said about what was done with the meat, I just hope it wasn't Spam...;-)

While there is a part of me that wonders if these stories are true, there is another part of me that has absolutely no problem believing them! We can just hope that the people who stole these iPods and ruined a person's surprise got ones that fail very quickly.

Recognized by The Queen - You may or may not know that the guy behind many of Apple's great designs is Jonathan Ive. He was responsible for the iMac and the iPod design among other things. In my opinion, the design of these devices attract more attention then the functionality and ease of use. So Mr. Ive's designs have had a lot to do with Apple's success.

Recently Mr Ive, who was born in London England and is obviously a British citizen, was honored by the Queen of England. According to an article found on the BBC news site, he was awarded the title of Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (CBE). http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/technology/4569912.stm

Mr. Ive has won a number of awards and recognitions for his design work, especially with Apple. I just think it is nice that his country actually felt that his contributions were noteworthy enough to warrant an award of this magnitude! Well done, Mr. Jonathan Ive!

Various interesting things from MacWorld Expo - I always enjoy watching the Apple Expo Keynote presentation, although usually it has been via the Internet. Steve Jobs puts on a great presentation, which is entertaining. The presentation in January was no different.

Microsoft Corporation made a five-year commitment to develop Microsoft Office for Mac OS X. Roz Ho, the head of the Microsoft Macintosh Business Unit came on stage with Steve to announce not only this commitment but to indicate that they were working on converting the current version of Office to universal code. (Universal code is capable of being compiled to run on both PowerPC and Intel Macs.) Intel also came on the stage to begin the release of the news about the new Intel based Macs. Continuing with his joke about the "Burning Bunny men", Paul Otellini, CEO of Intel, came on stage wearing a clean room suit and was blasted with a fire extinguisher! He handed over a processor die plate and told Steve that Intel was ready. Then Steve followed by saying that Apple was ready, and thus were introduced the new Intel based Macs. Intel seems to be having a lot of fun with this whole project, a sign that I hope indicates this will be a great benefit to all concerned.

Apple announced the release of new versions of both iLife and iWork. At the Keynote, Steve Jobs demoed some of the more interesting changes. iPhoto will now let you create cards and calendars, along with photo albums. As with the photo albums, you can either print them yourself or have them professionally printed through the iPhoto interface. Also added to iPhoto is the ability to create an RSS like feed of photos, so that friends will automatically get your latest photos. Added to Garageband is a feature that lets you create and distribute Podcasts. There are several such solutions for this if you are interested, so buying iLife isn't necessary.

Last month I spoke about my desire to buy older TV shows for use on my video iPod. Steve Jobs announced that the ITMS would now sell Saturday Night Live (SNL) skits! I couldn't wait to visit and listen to what they had. There are many classic skits available. I found a number that I just must have! Even watching the 30-second demo of them had me laughing. What a great idea Apple! In addition to the skits, they have the best of a specific artist sets available as well. If you are a fan of SNL, especially the earlier years, take a look at what they offer.

For people who would like to have access to radio on their iPods, Apple has release a new set of ear buds that include a radio receiver. The iPod will sport a radio menu that will let you tune into stations and set pre-set stations for quick tuning.

Interesting toy for your eyes - One announcement that caught my eye (excuse the pun), was a pair of video glasses that you can plug into a video iPod to **watch** the video with. There was little information about the glasses, but I think it is a really cool idea. A portable viewer. Check out the image and their promo by visiting http://myvu.mmcis.com/.

My only concern about these video glasses is that people will be stupid and wear something like this as they walk or even (gulp) drive. Please, keep your attention on the road.;-)

Apple Spyware? - Oooo, those sneaky Apple people. It was rumored, then confirmed that Apple installed a spyware like feature in version 6 if iTunes. (version 6.0.2 to be exact). When you run this new version, there is a mini ITMS opened on the bottom of the window. Apparently, when this window is opened, information about what music you like (or at least have in you iTunes library) is sent to Apple.

Not very nice Apple ©. To prevent this from happening, all you have to do is to close the mini-store window. Obviously, people who found out about this were very annoyed. Apple responded by releasing a newer version of iTunes (6.0.4) that displays a message box explaining what would happen if the mini-store was left open.

It's nice to see that Apple was the first to release spyware for the Macintosh;-).

Apple's financial quarter - Right after Macworld Expo, Apple posted its first quarter financial report. http://www.apple.com/pr/library/2006/jan/18results.html.

It is interesting to note that Apple reported its highest earnings in its history, posting a revenue of \$5.75 billion and a net quarterly profit of \$565 million. During this first quarter, Apple shipped 1,254,000 Macs and 14,043,000 iPods.

Apple still sells more iPods then computers, but they continue to innovate new computer design, so I am not unhappy about it. I am looking forward to trying out an Intel based Macintosh in the next couple of years. It seems like they are going to be very exciting machines. The iMac is a consumer machine. I can't wait to hear what the Professional Macs will be like. How much power? How many processors? How many new features? I wonder what interesting buzz word will they pick to refer to them as? Steve said the new Laptops were now being called MacBooks. This makes sense, since the PowerPC chip is not part of the fray.

Here is an idea for Apple. Make the first Intel-based Macs include bi-processors. By this I mean include both the PowerPC (for running all those old Apps and an Intel processor, for the advantages of this new and powerful technology. This would make a lot of people happy. I wonder if they will be able to innovate a way to make this happen?

I wonder where this is going? - Near the end of January, Disney purchased Pixar (you know the guys who brought us Toy Story and many more animated greats), for 7.5 billion dollars. There had been a lot of talk on the Internet about what was going to happen when Pixar's original deal with Disney was over. Well that time is near, the next movie they were to release was the last of the deal.

You might know that Steve Jobs was the majority shareholder in Pixar, owning just over 50% of the stock. I imagine he made a few buck on the deal! According to an article posted on the MSNBC site http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/11003466/.

According to the article the two top people at Pixar, John Lasseter (Pixar's Executive VP), and Ed Catmull (Pixar's President), would be picked up by Disney. Mr. Lasseter will become the chief creative officer of the animation studios and principal creative adviser at Walt Disney Imagineering. While Mr. Catmull becomes the president of the combined Pixar and Disney animation studios. Nice positions for both of these creative geniuses! I truly hope they don't get lost in the shuffle!

The other interesting news is that Steve Jobs gets a position on Disney's Board of Directors! This places him in an interesting place, because his position with Apple might make it hard for him to make certain decisions with Disney "fairly".

I am sure we will hear more about this as time goes on. I just hope that they don't stop making create Pixar animations!

Well, that's all for now. Have a great February and keep on using your Mac!

Book Reviews

Adobe Acrobat 7 Tips and Tricks: The 150 Best

reviewed by Harry {doc} Babad

Book Series: Adobe Acrobat **Author:** Donna L. Baker

Adobe Press,

Distributed by Peachpit Press

http://www.adobepress.com/title/0321305302

Released: January 24, 2005.

Pages: 416

\$18 USD, \$28 CND, £ 14 GBP, €18 Euro

ISBN: 0321305302

Audience: Macintosh and PC users of Acrobat 7 with a reasonable knowledge the PDF genre and of Acrobat's first level core features. Despite the publisher claim to the contrary, this is not a book for beginner users of the product.

Major Strengths: 150 great tips that kept me running upstairs to my computer to try them out.

Weakness, if any: I haven't had a need to create forms, web pages, to do high resolution printing, ensuring multi-level document security or with collaborating in a review using PDFs, so although interesting, those tips were wasted on me. However, that shouldn't stop you from checking them out because as you Acrobat associated needs grow, this book will become all the more valuable to you.

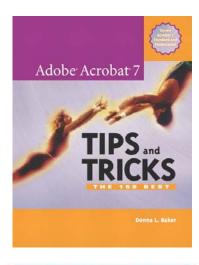
When appropriate the instructions in the book were tested on a 1 GHz dual processor PowerPC G4 Macintosh with 2 GB DDR SDRAM running under OS X 10.4.4.

Product and company names and logos in this review may be registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Author's Introduction

"Adobe Acrobat has become a workhorse program. Whether you are a graphic designer or a Web designer, whether you work with business systems or run a small office, Acrobat can assist you in a wide range of tasks, and it handles information and content in mind-boggling ways.

"Acrobat isn't like "ordinary" software in that you can't define its purpose in a single word as you can with a spreadsheet, word processing, or image-manipulation program. It's not that simple. Successful users of Acrobat understand both the program's capabilities and what Acrobat can do for them.





For example, did you know that with Acrobat 7 Professional you could?

- Create a multimedia presentation?
- Create a complex document that incorporates a range of other types of material such as spreadsheets or Web pages along with PDF files?
- Test and evaluate the output of a document before sending it to your print provider?
- Set up and monitor a system of reviewing your shared documents? Or
- Add security to a document to control access and changes to the work?

"Clearly the program's scope is wide, which is probably why Adobe describes it as a tool for the new work."

"In this book, I have assembled a collection of tips that will show you what Acrobat can do, and how you can integrate the power of the program into your daily work life. As you read the tips, consider how the information can help you do your job smarter and faster."

Review Introduction

I have owned and made minor use of Acrobat since version since version 3.0.x, using it as a more flexible substitute for the reader. It has only been since version 6.0.x that I have become seriously interested in learning about the software's features. The publisher's blurb on this book that follows is what motivated me to review this book.

"Sure, you know how to read PDFs with it, but do you know how to add comments to documents or embed 3D objects in your PDFs or establish document-level security settings? With its staggering array of document-enhancing features and supported formats, Adobe Acrobat 7 offers a world of functionality just waiting to be tapped--which means that figuring out how to do just one specific task with it can be somewhat daunting. In these pages, veteran author Donna Baker solves that problem by presenting each Acrobat task as a stand-alone unit. If, for example, you want to find out how to search for a word or a phrase in a PDF file, you can do just that--at the same time picking up a couple of tips about refining your searches. Organized in three major sections--*Input*, *Output*, and *Internal Acrobat Processes*--this self-contained guide is all you need to get going fast with Acrobat 7."

The Book Itself

The author, Donna Baker has assembled a collection of tips that show us what Acrobat 7 can do and how we can use as a productivity tool it in our daily computing efforts. It was obvious to me that Acrobat could be used not only to read PDFs, but also to edit them, comment on them and compile comments from a group of readers, but these were skills I was either lacking or used in a trial and error fashion. Checkout the Table of Contents and tune into the books broad yet deep scope.

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The book shows the reader how to use the document review process. You can send on your comments to a group and digitally sign your documents. Just create PDFs directly from applications such as Photoshop CS and MS Word; convert PDF files to Word documents. Use Adobe designer (PC only) to create single or complex interactive forms; build buttons and links to connect documents; and add movies, flash files, and sound to PDF documents.

According to Adobe, Acrobat allows you to transform PDF files into *Intelligent Documents*. It is the simple way to create and share more secure and reliable Adobe PDF documents. It is often difficult and time-consuming to combine files from multiple applications and sources into one document, and nearly impossible to maintain the formatting of the document throughout the review process. With Adobe Acrobat 7.0 Standard software, you can combine files from different sources into one organized PDF document. Share the PDF document with reviewers who can read and comment on it but not alter it. Then consolidate and compare comments to create a polished PDF document that includes tailored security features—so you can distribute it confidently. This only a part of what you can learn from *Adobe Acrobat 7 Tips and Tricks: The 150 Best*

The tip descriptions are well written, easy to follow and clearly explained in terms of their functionality. I should note the more complex the action described by a tip, the more carefully you will need to study it. I know its an oxymoron, but there's no free lunch.

For example, you'll learn how to:

- Use the document review process to send comments to a workgroup (Tip 120)
- Sign your documents digitally and make them secure (Tip 142)
- Create PDFs straight from Adobe's Creative Suite applications, like Photoshop CS (Tip 25)
- Convert PDF files to Microsoft Word documents, and back again (Tip 42)
- Use Adobe Designer to create simple or complex interactive forms (Tip 72)
- Build buttons and links to connect multiple documents (Tip 96)
- Add movies, Flash files, and sound to your PDF documents (Tip 126)

This is *not a beginner's book*. It presumes you are familiar with the basic Acrobat program and how to use it. I wish Ms. Baker would do a beginner book; I'd jump at the chance to learn Acrobat 7 *correctly*!



Looking Deeper into the Book

The book was obviously written by an author completely versed in using Acrobat 7 on a Windows machine. The good part of this, despite, for the most part instructions that could be used by the rest of use, most hand I tried could be duplicated on my Macintosh. The bad part was that the Macintosh and Windows interface in Acrobat 7 differ sufficiently, at the more detailed levels, that I needed more than a bit of trial and error to learn new hints then I would have liked.

The complete lack of Introductory materials, especially on the *naming* conventions used and an graphically illustrated overview of the program, were disappointing belying the publishers claim that the book can be used by *beginners*. All other books of tips I've read have identified both the convention, for example, for naming PC vs. Macintosh shortcuts, and even the intent of sidebar information with respect to the main text.

Kudos and more Kudos

Before I embark on the items in this book that disturbed me, its kudo time. Contained below is a more-or-less terse identification of the tips or book sections I found most useful. Indeed this book, fostered by my skills at Acrobating around but also my physical health.

<u>Print Settings</u> – Tip 46, Pages 106 contains some of the clearest descriptions on how to work with prints settings I've yet to read. There seem to be as many choices in Acrobat 7 as in GraphicConverter; both applications serving to give you better control over print output.

<u>Conducting Searches in PDF Documents</u> – Tip 11, page 24, no wonder wild card searches didn't work for me—they are not supposed to. Tips 12-14 on other aspects of searching are also well worth the readers time.

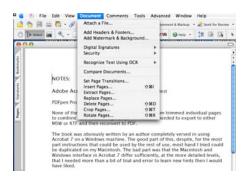
<u>Using PDF Maker in MS Word</u> — Installing Acrobat 7 on you Macintosh you have the option of adding the ability to convert your office documents to PDF from within the application. This is useful but I found that using Macintosh OS X's feature of print to PDF seemed not only faster but also seemed to be freer of occasional glitches such as damage to the "Adobe PDF Printer" file.

Creating s PDF from a Clipboard Image – Tip 35, Page 79. Something else I did not know — what fun.

Accessing PDF Accessibility [Chapter 7] — This too often neglected area is well treated in the book and integrates Acrobat's abilities to those provided my the Macintosh operating system.

Working with Acrobat Forms [Chapter 8] — Although I have yet to need this feature, I've marked the book so that when a need arises, I will use Ms. Baker's tips as a starting point.

From my perspective, as somewhat experienced user of Acrobat 7, Chapters 9, Transforming a PDF Document and Chapter 10 Touching Up and Modifying a Document were the most useful chapters of Tips and Tricks. Although, by trial and error, I had learned to use about half of these features, it was great to read about their uses in a systematic way. Chapter 10 focuses on advanced editing features that are less intuitive then those described in Chapter 9.



Page Display Default Page La

V Display large

Use CoolType

Accessibility

Batch Processing

Color Managem

Convert From PDF Convert To PDI

Full Screen Identity Internationa

JavaScript

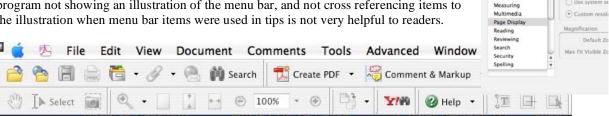
Last but not least, as a professional peer reviewer, Chapter 14 on Commenting and Marking Documents was helpful. As I worked with the materials provided in the book, I kept almost forgetting that Acrobat is more of a graphics than a text tool, so powerful are it's text associated features. I do most of my reviewing of technical material on MS Word documents and am always frustrated by the obscurity generated when a group of folks get to review a complex .doc document in track changes mode. By allowing reviewers to work on a PDF copy of the document that needs checking, who does what is easier to identify and deal with. I am disappointed that Ms. Baker did not address exporting comments to a word document on a Macintosh. I'm doing this the hard way, one comment at a time. This is another example of the benign neglect of our favorite platform by this author.

Discomforts

I recognize that Donna Baker's book is not aimed at beginners, nor is it a treatise on learning how to use the software. However, even those of us with some knowledge of the basic functions of Acrobat 7 appear to have been short changed buy the terseness of some of the tip related information.

<u>Dealing with Acrobat Preferences</u> — This book is aimed at readers with some experience in using Acrobat 7 but that is no excuse for the author discussing the large number of available preference options (pages 17-18 and elsewhere) without showing a detailed screen view of the preference panel that shows the list of accessible preferences.

<u>Lack of a Menu Bar Overview</u> — Even for a book used by those familiar with the program not showing an illustration of the menu bar, and not cross referencing items to the illustration when menu bar items were used in tips is not very helpful to readers.



Acrobat 7 Does OCR — The OCR features of Acrobat are not identified in the index and the associated narratives in the book for this powerful tool were skimpy.

My Nemesis-Consolidating Edited PDFs — None of the hints described a way to move text from partial and trimmed individual pages to combine them into a single page. I found no way to copy materials from the second page of a cleaned up file to the blank space of the first. Neither working with selected text or edit text features of the software worked.



To do this I needed to export to either MSW or RTF and then reconvert to PDF. I don't even know, after much searching, whether there is a tool available to do what I want, although Smile on my Mac's PDF2Pen Pro 2.3.1 http://www.smileonmymac.com/PDFpen/ almost gets me there.

In Closing

The 150 tips provided by Ms. Baker allow you to do those things and more. Indeed, its focus is to strengthen your Acrobat habits, one tip at a time. In this book, 150 of the best of the best tips and tricks are described in clear and easy language and illustrations using primarily screen shots that clearly show what should be done, its straightforward, particularly if you are a PC user. As a Macintosh user, I was more challenged by the tips, but all I tried worked. If the scope of the book meets you needs, you can do a lot worse that buying and exploring the Acrobat 7 tips in this book. Rating 4.0 macCs.

Author Bios

Donna L. Baker has worked as an information development consultant for many years. She has expertise in online and Web training and design, motion graphics design, and interactive knowledge products. She writes eleven magazine articles each year on graphics applications; monthly articles can be found in the online magazine WindoWatch, and several have been featured by StudyWeb and CreativePro Web sites. Donna is the author of *CourseBuilder for Dreamweaver f/x and Design* and *Acrobat 5: The Professional User's Guide*.

Ms Baker has authored a book called Adobe Acrobat 7 in the Office, which offers a raft of Adobe Acrobat-Microsoft Office some of which are reflected in her tips and hints book.



Author: Matthew MacDonald

http://www.oreillynet.com/cs/catalog/view/au/836

Booksite: http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/creatingwstmm/index.html

\$30 USD, \$42 CND, £21GBP, €26 EU

Published: October 2005.

Pages: 559

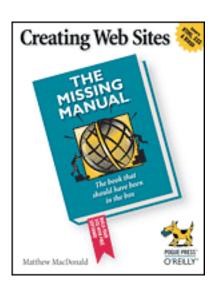
ISBN: 0596008422

Requirements: A desire to go a little further beyond a vanity site.

Strengths: Takes a cross-platform approach to web design.

Weaknesses: None found. Oh, you mean our own web page? Yes, there are

still a lot of weaknesses there, but we are working on it.





Creating Web Sites: the Missing Manual by Matthew MacDonald makes learning website design entertaining and enjoyable. One of the great plusses in this book is that instead of having to bookmark pages in each chapter for online digging, Matthew was kind enough to save them by chapter reference as the last Appendix in the book.

Like sophisticated websites (non .Mac, or ones not tied to Apple's new iWeb technology), this book has more than one part. There are six divided into 17 chapters and Appendices with two more chapters. These discuss prepping, creating, posting and tools, HTML and Style Sheets, graphics, linking, layout tools like tables and styles, and a whole chapter dedicated to Frames. Part 3 discusses how to generate traffic by attracting visitors, tow-way communications techniques and making money with Google, Amazon and PayPal. The 4th part gets into JavaScripting and DHTMLing, using buttons and menus, audio and video and the last chapter discusses blogging. The Appendices are split between an HTML Quick Reference and the website references.

How visitor-friendly is your website? This book provides "just enough" to flesh things out.

SYNGRESS

Authors: Dr. Eric Cole, http://www.oreillynet.com/cs/catalog/view/au/2038 Sandra Ring, http://www.oreillynet.com/cs/catalog/view/au/2040

Syngress Publishing

Booksites:

http://www.syngress.com/catalog/?pid=3410 http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/1597490482/index.html

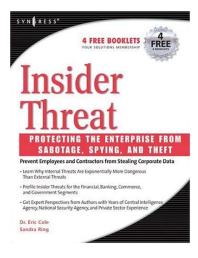
\$35 USD, \$49 CND, £20 GBP, €3 EU

Published: December 2005

Pages: 424 ISBN: 1

Strengths: Empirical evidence of where the "real" security threat lies.

Weaknesses: Some print formatting issues.





Insider Threat: Protecting the Enterprise from Sabotage, Spying and Theft by Dr. Eric Cole and Sandra Ring is an empirical evidence book that tells stories of "for-instances" regarding inside threats to private and public "business" environments. It isn't just a "tell-all" book that is designed to put you in "trust no one" mode, but rather it shows what can be done to minimize risk related to such activities. Oh and in this book, IP stands for Intellectual Property, not Internet Protocol.

My only "gripe" with the book began early on with a number of insider threat studies that were page after page of "Conclusion" and "Analysis" headings instead of giving real titles to each of these findings. It struck me as funny that the bolded heading begins; "How Bad Is It —". Great content, but the editors could have done some serious title-tweaking in Chapter 1. They carried that into the table of contents as well and it ran for two or so pages that way. They did a better job later with case studies following a topic-source-details-analysis format, but even there, they could have separated the subtitles by adding more case study titles between the topic-source-details-analysis format. If these nits don't bother you, keep reading. I hope they clean that up in the next rev.

Justice department folks seem to drop into a "nobody can be trusted" mind-set where everyone they meet is guilty until proven innocent, because of all the experiences they have had solving crimes. The rest of us shrug it off because we don't have the bandwidth to devote our attention to this line of thinking. We tend to trust everyone until proven guilty. This book takes the stance of experiential "this is the way it is" mentality so those of us who are in a mental state of denial can see that they "told you so" with a host of bad examples.

The book is divided into 4 parts with the first walking us through how bad the threat really is based on the human tendency of "catch me if you can" since society no longer seems to fear god or feels no shame in breaking commandments. Okay, I'll say it; we live in a godless society and this book shows the consequences of that mindset without saying that directly. We live in a very cruel unforgiving world.

The 2nd chapter gets into the technology aspects of how high-tech crime is done. Part II discusses the threats at the state and local government levels with instances in chapter 3 while chapter 4 does the same at the federal level. Pat II does this in chapters 5, 6 and 7 for commercial banking and financial sectors and government subcontractors. Part IV finishes the book with profiles in chapter 8, chapter 9 discusses the technologies that can be used to control the threat and the last chapter discusses survivability, risk analysis and education of employees regarding the threats.

The book is kind of a bitter pill to swallow because there are so many "high-profile" instances that are cataloged in all sectors of society regarding what can go wrong that adversely affects the enterprise.

The good part, I guess is that you indeed should feel paranoid and feel that someone is watching over your shoulder at work because they are and the electronic paper-trail will catch up with you if you are doing anything untoward or potentially damaging to your company. The book isn't Jiminy Cricket (Disney's Pinocchio) whispering that you should do good things and not bad. It instead shows that bad things were done and folks were caught and suffered the consequences of their unwise actions. If something feels wrong, it probably is – so don't do it. Let your conscience be your guide. Let this book be an "awareness" book in your organization and perhaps it will act as a deterrent to anyone who might be thinking bad thoughts about either taking advantage or trying to take down a company.

I like the word of wisdom that says that if you find yourself in a hole, stop digging. Fess up and keep the mistakes from getting worse than they already are.

Trust employees, but verify after they have been screened.

Looking Good in Print, Sixth Edition

reviewed by Robert Pritchett



Author: Roger C. Parker

Paraglyph Press, Inc. 1238 East Cambridge Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85006 602-749-8787

FAX: 602-388-8192

 $\underline{http://www.paraglyphpress.com/}$

Booksite: http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/193309706X/

Released: December 25, 2005.

Pages: 352

\$30 USD, \$42 CDN, £17 GBP, €26 Euro

ISBN: 193309706X

Strengths: Takes a cross-platform approach to publication and uses good

and bad examples to make its points.

Weaknesses: None found.





Looking Good in Print, Sixth Edition by Roger C Parker is intended as a primer for the desktop publisher and stays with the basics for turning electrons into print. After 25 years, this book is in its 6th printing.

There are two parts of the book divided into Design and Publication. Elements of Design has 6 chapters on tooling, architecting, building blocks for graphics design, Illustration as an art and working with photographs. The Putting Your Knowledge to Work has 9 chapters on publishing, advertising, sales materials, business communications, response devices such as forms, surveys and coupons. Probably most important for me was the chapter on common pitfalls because Roger provides a plethora of wrong and right ways to do the work. Of course, that means redesign and then making the documents webable, so he devotes tow more chapters to those areas before ending with an Appendix on prepress tips and techniques.

So if you would like to learn how to do newsletters, catalogs, tabloids, ads, forms and documents for both print and for the Internet, this book is a great place to start.

OS X for Hackers at heart: The Apple of Every Hacker's Eye

reviewed by Robert Pritchett



Authors: Ken Caruso, Chris Hurley, Johnny Long, Preston Norvell, Tom

Owad and Bruce Potter. http://www.syngress.com

Booksite: http://www.syngress.com/catalog/?pid=3430

book on hacking Mac OS X by the authors listed above.

\$50 USD, \$70 CND, £28 GBP, €43 EU and downloadable as an eBook.

Published: December 12, 2005.

Pages: 512

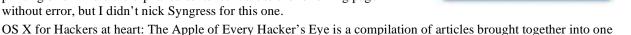
ISBN: 1597490407

Requirements: A desire to "hack" Mac OS X.

Strengths: Presents "behind the scenes" information not printed anywhere

else that I know of.

Weaknesses: I found one page that had unintended white space due to a printing error where the orphaned sentence went to the following page without error, but I didn't nick Syngress for this one.



I make it a point to get our own reviewers to use "Mac OS X" instead of OS X" when writing, but here is a book that drops the Mac part and that bothered me. And I found a page that split a sentence between two pages about half-way down, but that is a printing issue and I'm sure will be addressed in the next rev.

The book is organized into 7 chapters on network administration, automation, using it in a Microsoft environment, wardriving and penetration testing, tricks that look cool and road-warrioring. The Appendix has about 50 pages devoted to hacking various iPods and going back and forth between Macs and Windows systems.

Each chapter follows the Syngress format for ending with a Summary, Solutions Fast Track and Frequently Asked Ouestions.

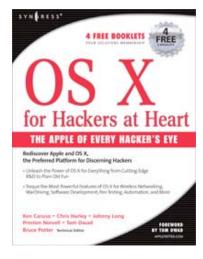
Some of the hacks have "extra credit" for digging deeper. Some don't.

In the first chapter, the authors show how to run a headless Mac, use Apple remote Desktop, VNC, SSH and the Serial Console before getting into using the Mac as a router for host, static and dynamic rioting and even using an app named "Zebra", and also using Mac OS X as a RADIUS server.

Chapter 2 walks through how to use Automator and AppleScripting, the UNIX commands, and Bash and bringing all three together.

Chapter 3 boldly walks us into Microsoftlandia. Topics covered are NFS, NTLM, MS Remote Desktop Client, Rdesktop, VNC, and terminal talking with Windows.

Chapter 4 opens up with KisMAC and other wardriving and WLAN tools.





Chapter 5 gets us back to the Mac and guides us through compiling and porting Open Source software using DarwinPorts and Fink and also goes through a list of security tools based on categories of attacking, and defending, cryptoing, evasion, footprinting, monitoring, password cracking, programming and scanning. It also gets into using Ethereal and Nessus and running CD-based Linux distros with Virtual PC. I found this chapter to be very interesting, as it dealt with security issues.

Chapter 6 devotes itself to PowerBook stunts such as screensavers, widgets, the Apple Motion Sensor, VNC and remote Desktopping, Gestures, Sogudi and GUI scripts.

Chapter 7 gets into securing Email for the Road Warrior and battery management.

The Appendix on hacking iPods could be a book all by itself.

If you really want to get geeky and get into the side of the Mac that is normally hidden, here is a book on how to get there.

QuickTime Pro Explained

reviewed by Robert Pritchett

Author: Kirk Krueger 505 Fourth Street Apt. 1 Seadrift, TX 77983 kkirster@mac.com

http://homepage.mac.com/kkirkster/book/

Released: September 2004, revised January 2006.

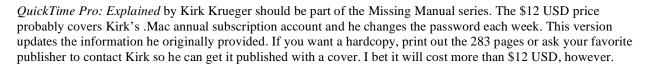
\$12 USD PDF-based password-protected. Download 14.3 MB .zip file.

Pages: 283

For users of, or who want to purchase, QuickTime Pro 7.

Strengths: Live Links.

Weaknesses: Missing Table of Contents and Index.



I have been frustrated trying to find out what I bought for \$32 USD three times now from Apple as the registration screen doesn't change from QuickTime Player to QuickTime Pro. I must have not been alone and Kirk fills the void for what can be done by providing us this book for less than ½ the price of the app.

I discovered this book by tripping over his ribald "White Trash Xmas" QuickTime video at http://homepage.mac.com/kkirkster/xmas/ that incidentally also has a link to a number of other, shall we say, "interesting" QuickTime videos, but his one might be fun to watch too; http://homepage.mac.com/kkirkster/G5 Secrets/index.html. Anyway, you get a sense of where his funny-bone is located and what can be done using just QuickTime Pro and not Flash.

The PDF-based book is not just password-protected, but not editable, so I could not add a "sure would be nice if" Table of Contents or Index. I was itching to add the TOC.

Kirk Krueger begins by explaining why he wrote the book, adds QuickTime history, video protocols, QuickTime basics, and lots of screenshots showing detailed menu items, preferences and settings. He also treats a lot of print to various video codecs (about 29), which I found to be valuable, because he takes time with each one and offers links for digging deeper into these and other 3rd-party codecs before stepping off into H.264 and Sound Codec Options. He then discusses interoperability with Roxio's Toast, touches on AIFF, System 7 Sound, muLaw, AAC encoding movie properties windows and movie screenshots and other QuickTime 7 additions MIDI, text manipulation, skins, Applescripts, Webification and postering, optimization, working with SMIL and Virtual Reality (QTVR) and a short list of Questions and Answers before going into 43 pages of the Glossary of Terms.

By getting this eBook, I now have a much better understanding of what I can and cannot do with QuickTime Pro. Much better.





Authors: Michael Gough http://www.skypetips.com

Slaman Abdul Baset, Joshua Brashars, Larry Chaffin, Michael Cross, Dan

Douglass, Michael Sweeney, Bill Campbell.

http://skypetips.internetvisitation.org/web_pages/skype_me.html

Syngress Publishing

Booksites:

http://www.syngress.com/catalog/?pid=3360

\$35 USD, \$49 CND, £20 GBP, €31 EU

Published: December 2005.

Pages: 432

ISBN: 1597490326

Requirements: A desire to communicate over the Internet by voice.

Strengths: This is basically the user's manual for Skype. Cross-platform.

Weaknesses: None found.

Skype: http://skype.com/

Skype Me! By the authors listed above is pretty much a user's manual for running Skype. The author also has a website, SkypeTips. http://www.skypetips.com More can be found about Skype at http://www.skypejournal.com

When we are doing the Mac ReviewCast, we use Skype and edit it with Audio Hijack Pro.

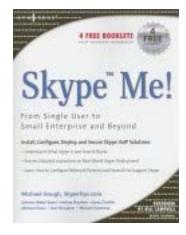
Be aware that Skype does not use the Voice over IP standards but uses a proprietary peer-to-peer coding scheme instead of SIP or other Internet telephony standards. If that doesn't bother you and you don't mind skyping instead of vonaging, go for it.

Skype is one of those "why didn't I think of it" apps that went from obscurity to becoming purchased for an obscene amount (I wish I could get that kind of money!) by eBay.

I've been through 3 revs of Skype since it was made available for the Mac and the latest rev does video, but not for the Mac yet as of this writing. When I first Skyped, I ran network analysis activities and end-to-end links were all literally over the map. I figured there was a security issue and didn't understand fully the techno logy was based on this peer-to-peer relationship.

That may be a downer for Skype in the Enterprise. IT managers would like to have a warm fuzzy about end-to-end communications and have some control over that process, if possible. The book addresses those concerns and many others as well.

The latest rev needs some work because the phone call audio ring sounds like it is under water and warbles accordingly at least on my Mac. The folks on the other end of the virtual line have no problems communicating with me, nor I with them. I also have a Vonage system and up until I swapped out both the cable modem and the router I had unacceptable experiences with the Vonage system. (It's much better now.)





One thing I found intriguing is how Skype can be used remotely and there are a number of add-ons as others have grasped the vision of Skype and run with it.

What is even better is that it can interoperate with SIP and H.323. And there are instructions on how to handle security issues and in making firewalls, proxy servers and NAT routers Skype-ready.

The book has 5 parts in 15 chapters covering the expected start, basics and uses, taking it up a notch and using addons (and there are not a few!), hardware add-ons (like a telephony catalog, almost), getting into video and mobile, using it in the enterprise, firewall and network configurations, customization and futurizing Skype-enabled devices.

If you want to get into Skype, this is a good place to start.

YAHOO! HACKS: Tips & Tools for Living on the Web Frontier

reviewed by Robert Pritchett



Author: Paul Bausch; http://www.oreillynet.com/cs/catalog/view/au/1200

Booksite: http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/yahoohks/index.html

\$25 USD, \$35 CND, £17.50 GBP, €22 EU

Published: October 2005.

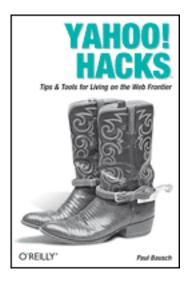
Pages: 489

ISBN: 0596009453

Requirements: A desire to know YAHOO!

Strengths: Talks all about YAHOO!

Weaknesses: None found.





YAHOO! HACKS: Tips & Tools for Living on the Web Frontier by Paul Bausch is intended for those who have a real desire to tweak the heck out of YAHOO!

If you are into shortcutting keys, customizing YAHOO! Mail, creating apps using web services, knowing how to properly un-register an account from YAHOO!, do mash-ups and remixes, blogging, tracking and feeding with Flicker and RSS, listing sites and get into YAHOO! Groups and fine-tune searches than this is your book.

Paul Bausch divided the book into six short chapters categorized into searching, using services, communicating, using web services such as Perl, PHP5, Python, VBScript, ColdFuson, XSLT, java, Ruby and REBOL), running applications and webmastering.

Of course the author didn't do this all on his own. He had help from at least 13 others in order to come up with 100 Tips and techniques for mastering YAHOO!

If you want to come up to speed quickly and want to get geeky with YAHOO!, this book fits the bill.

Hardware Reviews

Kodak EasyShare P880 Zoom Digital Camera and EasyShare Photo Printer 500

reviewed by Robert Pritchett

Kodak

Eastman Kodak Company Rochester, New York 14650 http://www.kodak.com

Product site: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-

locale=en US&pq-path=7373 Released: August 2, 2005

\$600 USD

Requirements: Macintosh - G3 or later; Mac OS X 10.2 8 or later; 128 MB RAM; Safari; 200 MB hard drive space; CD-ROM drive; USB port; 800x600

display.

Windows system – Windows 98 or later; 233 MHz processor; 64 MB RAM; Internet Explorer 5 or later; other requirements same as the Mac.

For those who want to be professional.

Comes with: EasyShare P880 camera; lithium-ion rechargeable battery; charger, dock insert, lens cap and hood, neck strap, USB and A/V cables;

CD-ROM with EasyShare software, manual.

Specs: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-

path=9/19/7372/7373/7375&pq-locale=en US

Features: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-

path=9/19/7372/7373/7374&pq-locale=en US

EasyShare System: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-

path=9/19/37&pq-locale=en US

Sharing: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageOuerier.jhtml?pq-path=11&pq-

locale=en US

Strengths: First lower cost 8 megapixel "D-SLR". Some internal image editing, including RAW. Handles color balance well. Kodak-quality prints.

Weaknesses: No FireWire port. RAW editing not available for the Mac. USB port is not USB 2.0. Delays between shots as it processes the shots. LCD imaging response could be better. External power supply not included.

Other Reviews: http://www.dcresource.com/reviews/Kodak/p880-

review/index.shtml

http://www.dpreview.com/reviews/kodakp850/

http://www.steves-digicams.com/2005 reviews/kodak 500 printer.html

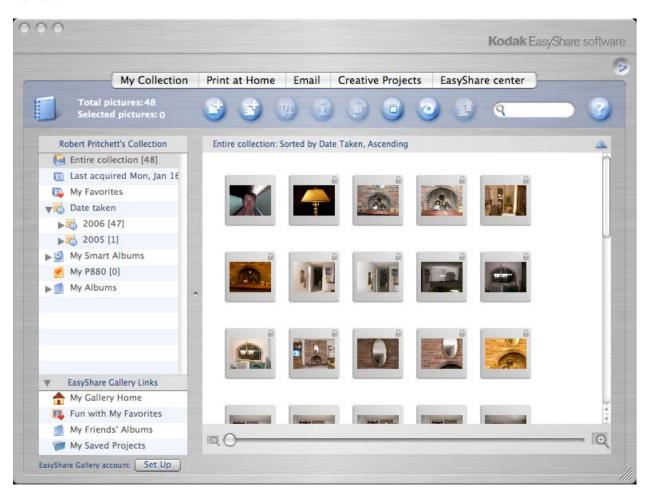
The Kodak EasyShare P880 plastic-cased digital camera with built-in 32MB (without the memory card) can do 2 RAW shots or one TIFF shot at 8 Megapixels (MP) or 56 or so shots at .8 MPs (Fine quality). It also does about 15 seconds of video with sound using that built-in 32 MB memory.

The 1700 mAh Lithium-ion battery can handle up to 285 shots before it needs to be recharged. I'm assuming that is without using the built-in pop-up flash. The battery charger is one of those flip-plug-into-the-wall types that recharges at 3 hours, so extra batteries will be needed and perhaps a couple of those 1 GB or 512 GB memory cards will do for a day's work.





The unit does come with an external power port, but for some reason, the box doesn't come with the \$30 USD 5-volt wallwart.



The camera is only half the story. Okay, maybe a third. Digital photos need to be transferred either to print or to screen to be useful for "instant gratification". Transfer can be accomplished using the EasyShare app for both Macs and Windows systems. Install EasyShare from the CD, register, and then download the update. The included USB cable can be used to connect to a computer or the Dock insert can be used on top of an HP or other compatible photoprinter that uses PictBridge. The P880 is designed to work best with the HP EasyShare 500. Online printing can be had for 15 cents for 4x6, \$1 for 5x7, \$4 for 8x10, \$18 for 16x20 or \$23 for 20x30.

Button-centric

The P880 has something like 16 buttons on the sides, back and top as well as menu options visible using the color LCD display. If you have smallish hands, and are right-handed, this will feel a little more comfortable than for someone who is left-handed and/or ham-fisted. Viewing can be accomplished using either the viewfinder or the LCD display. The viewfinder has better optical functionality than the LCD display.









The manually operated lens is a wide-angle 24-140 mm version that can go out to 5.8X or with the internal advanced digital zoom can be extended electronically to 11.6X. There is an LED sensor on the front that responds to low light and acts as the time-delayed blinker.

A button for switching between the electronic viewfinder (EVF) or the LCD is a left-handed function. On the back is the 2.5" (6.4 cm) with 5 brightness levels for indoor/outdoor use. There is a left-handed analog Diopter dial that requires some manual dexterity intended to adjust sharpness of the viewfinder. Also on the left side are 4 buttons that interoperate with the LCD screen can be used to control flash, exposure, ISO and white balance.

The top left side buttons are zoom and focus. The hot shoe in the middle is for the P20 external flash.

The right-sided buttons on the top are the Program (favorite shortcut settings for capture and review) and Drive (shutter controls for bursting, exposure and time lapse) and mic. Towards the front is the multifunction shutter/on/off/demo button that controls picture-taking. And the mode dial offers 11 functions from audio to video. I set it to auto, mostly. The other letters and images allow for tweaking picture-taking and settings.

The other buttons on the right side back are the analog Command dial that acts more like a course adjustment for aperture, shutter, exposure and flash and requires some right-handed horizontal manual dexterity to operate. Below it is the Set button for the Command dial. Below that is the AE/AF button that temporarily locks selected functions.

To the left of the Command dial is the Status button labeled as "i" that toggles levels on the displays. The Review button gets used heavily, but the joystick may be used even more, except perhaps for the Delete or menu buttons. The Menu button opens options for capture, review, share favorites and setup. The last button is used as the Share button and it can tag images for printing, Emailing and saving as favorites.

Sides and Bottom

On the right is the memory card access and on the right bottom is the battery compartment. On the left side is the other way to add an external flash sync port, speaker, and below the 5.8X logo is the rubber flap that reveals the USB1.1 port (not USB 2.0) and external power receptacle. Oh, and the tripod screw hole is moved to the left so that the dock port is centered on the camera.

Back to the front, there is also a plastic ring that is a hood intended to keep flash or sun from interrupting the image capture.

Gotchas

Why not USB 2.0? I have no idea why the P880 doesn't do USB 2.0. Probably for the same reason it doesn't do FireWire; cost and licensing issues. I personally think this is a major faux paux. If I had designed this camera, I would have reduced the button-happy count and analog-entry buttons to joystick functions and perhaps some screen-touch technology. That said, the file transfer through a powered USB port didn't flinch once.

By reducing the button count, the screen could then be upped another 1/2 inch and meet the current technical industry level of a 3" screen. The current LCD technology "artifacts" with banding and dithering issues in playback mode. Maybe move the EasyShare photo printer LCD screen to the P880.

And what's with the RAW functionality not being available for the Mac anyway? If we have Adobe CS 2, there is a plugin workaround for downloading RAW images so they can be tweaked. http://www.adobe.com/products/photoshop/cameraraw.html RAW images are "unprocessed" and can be tweaked to infinity without destroying the original. I bet that would be nice to have directly from the camera for the Mac as it is for the Windows systems.

And I think that the dock connector needs some kind of dust cover.

I think Kodak could add a memory card (512 MB) in the box, but it would add another \$110 USD or so to the basic package. Buying this camera will require a card for anyone who is more than an occasional shutterbug.

What keeps this camera from being a "true" D-SLR is that there is a processing gap between taking that first picture and the next unless you take advantage of the multi-shot mode. Same with the frame rate for video (1.3 fps).

Fun stuff

I really liked the picture-in-a-picture showing the focus distance when between macro and infinity. No, it doesn't take the images that way, it is just to sorta-kinda show where the focus ring is in relation to the bigger picture (pun intended).

- The options in the menu screens can keep us going through eye-candy for some time.
- Oh, and video/movie-mode. I think that is a great feature for a \$600 USD camera!
- And the threads for adding lenses. Nice touch!
- Playback is great for video and seems to do well with the audio in and out.
- Image quality really is Kodak-quality.
- Custom-button settings.
- No-redeye technology. This is really a great plus.
- And that hood to keep the Flash and sun from interfering with the lens.

Accessories: http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-locale=en_US&pq-path=7376 Look for the telephoto lens and lens adapter and external P20 Zoom flash and Photo Printers. Maximum print size is 30" x 40" (75 x 140 cm) by the P880, but these small printers obviously don't handle that size.

I was given a \$150 USD external flash prototype (P20) to look at. It requires 2 AA penligh batteries to run it's intelligent flash system LCD display. The light can rotate upwards by 4 60, 75 and 90 degrees. Recycling is 10 seconds between flashes. Light distance goes out to 30 feet (9.1 m) and 33 feet (10 m) at wide and telephoto. With ISO 200, the range doubles. How? The unit has a motor inside that works with the auto-zoom feature. Manual mode is available. You ought to hear the purring when the P880 is in auto-mode and the flash is are in auto-mode. http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml?pq-path=261&pq-locale=en US



The other item that came to me for review was the \$200 USD EasyShare Photo Printer 500. http://www.kodak.com/eknec/PageQuerier.jhtml;jsessionid=IH1SQYKERHYHNFW4FAKHWEEW1YUEE4L4?pq-path=7418&Submit.x=23&Submit.y=14&pq-locale=en_US&_requestid=15910.

It prints permanent waterproof pictures and can be used with or without a computer. It has a 3.5 CD screen for reviewing before printing using "Perfect Touch" technology and also has Bluetooth enabled and Wi-Fi capable and can take all kinds of memory cards using one of three slots. It can also do 4 print sizes, one of 4 x 6 inch (10.2x15.2 cm), two of 2.1x3.3 inch (5.4x8.5 cm), four of 2x3 inch (5.1x7.6 cm) or nine of 1.3x2 inch (3.4x5.1 cm) and uses 4 color modes and one picture can be printed in 1 minute. Color and paper kits can be had for \$25, \$40 or \$47 USD for 40-pack, 80-pack or 160-pack. Unlike the P880, it comes with a Voltage adapter. It also comes with a USB cable paper tray and 10-page starter kit. If the \$25 kit is ordered, that makes prints be 62.5 cents each or if the \$47 kit is ordered that drops the price to 29.3 cents each. Online print services begin at 15 cents for a 4x6, so you figure it out if it is worth the effort/privacy/security or not.

Why does the printer take 60 seconds per print? Probably because it send the paper through yellow, red (magenta) and blue (cyan) passes before it coats the print with the waterproofing material (XtraLife). Images can be loaded either from the camera directly, or via one of three memory card slots (CF, SD/MMC/Memory Stick/xD or SDIO) or from a computer via USB1.1 cable ports. There is no Dock port on the printer. And if the printer is out of 4x6 paper or the color cartridge is low, forget trying to transfer. It also needs about 5 inches (12.7 cm) of space behind it so the paper can do its 4-pass function. Don't le the cables drape behind the unit or the paper will jam. You probably would be better off going with the Printer Dock instead, because it will recharge the batteries; http://www.steves-digicams.com/2005 reviews/z740 printerdock.html.



One thing is for sure, the printer cartridge is a dye sublimation transfer system designed to work with Kodak paper only, so those color and paper kits are critical for running these printers. Believe me, you will not like the results using non-Kodak paper designed for this printer. I was unable to give this a full workout (the ink cartridge went "low" before the paper ran out), but when the paper light and cartridge lights are on, this unit will not perform. Supplies are critical for performance.

I have to give back this camera/printer system because it is a 30-day loan. Is the P880 a dream camera? If you want a D-SLR camera for a lower Prosumer price, this may just fit the bill. Professionals may snicker, but the camera and film companies are moving away from the film process and "bringing it home", making it more affordable for the casual camera buff. This one really would meet my needs if the gotchas list were resolved. I found EasyShare worked much better with the camera to the computer to the printer than directly between the camera and the printer.

This is an exciting time to be dabbling with camera equipment! Kudos to Kodak for thinking of the Mac!

Software Reviews

The Print Shop

reviewed by Ted Bade

mackiev.com

MacKiev

info@mackiev.com or printshop@mackiev.com

http://www.mackiev.com/

Product Site http://www.mackiev.com/print shop.html

\$60 USD, upgrade from version 1.x is \$40 USD

Requirements: Mac OS X 10 .2 or later (including Mac OS X 10 .4 "Tiger"); G3-350 MHz processor or faster; 192 MB RAM (256 MB recommended); 490 MB hard disk space (1 .3 GB for full installation); 800 x 600 screen resolution; thousands of colors (1024 x 768 recommended), CD-ROM drive.

Experience needed: Minimal for most projects. Some graphics or design experience couldn't hurt, but isn't really required.

Strengths: Very easy to use, offers lots of pre-made projects for an easy start as well as guides to create unique ones. Integrated with iApps. Package includes lots of graphics to work with.

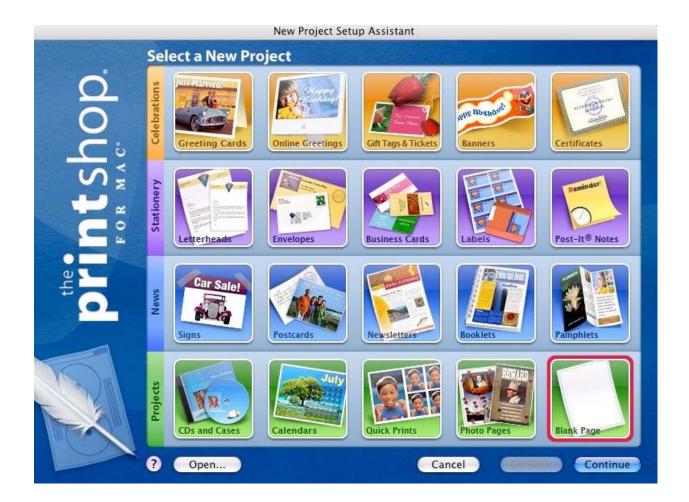
Weaknesses: Finding just the right image can be tough. No printed manual.



The Print Shop for Mac OS X version 2 (for Mac OS X) is the latest version of a program that has been around almost as long as printers have been attached to personal computers. This version carries on the feature rich and easy-to-use tradition that has made PrintShop such a successful program. Notable additions include integration with Apple's iApps and direct CD printing, along with a slew of editing features for images.

PrintShop (properly called The Print Shop), is easily the most well known home printing application of all. I was happy to hear that MacKiev brought a version to the MacOS X platform. This program makes an easy task of creating a variety of graphical projects that can be printed, everything from simple note cards to, greeting cards, to signs and poster, to pamphlets and newsletters, and even complex calendars sporting photo quality images from your iPhoto library.

People often don't take PrintShop as a serious adult program because it supplies much in the way of lower end and/or "kiddy-ish" graphics, which are incorporated in its examples. This doesn't mean that better images cannot be used with the program or that it cannot be used for more "serious" projects. Still it has the air of a program designed for kids or those with little ability to deal with a computer. Not necessarily a bad thing, since PrintShop is so very easy to use.



When you first run PrintShop, you are presented with a "Project Manager" which is your doorway to putting together a project. As you can see, there are 20 starting points, including a blank one that you can build into whatever suits your needs. Selecting any one of these starting points brings your through a series of questions designed to build the foundations of your project.

The first step is to decide how much help you want with the project. There are three levels of assistance from PrintShop. First there is "Quick Start", which presents pre-defined projects that you can either use as is or personalized as you see fit. Next the "Help Me Design" method, presents graphics and layout options to choose from as you build your project. Finally there is the "Start from Scratch" option that leaves you to your own devices with a blank layout.

The Quick Start option is great when you need something quick. Remember, using a canned greeting card (or whatever) is no worse then buying one from a store;-). The recipient need not know it was a canned card! They will think you created it yourself. Then of course, you could always use the Help Me Design option!

No matter what type of project you build or how much help you ask for, you will make use of the extensive library of graphics and clip art that comes with the PrintShop package. There is a lot of stuff to choose from on the CD. You might even spend more time looking for just the right piece of clip art they you will building the project. The Print Shop package could really use a booklet showing thumbnails of all the graphics.

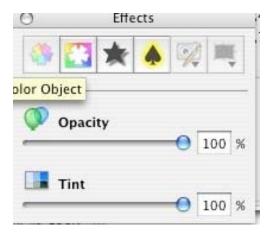
Don't get me wrong, the graphics available with the package are organized well. Mac OS X Tiger users can even take advantage of Spotlight to find an image. When you put together a project, the PrintShop gives you options for filtering images, say by showing only those related to a particular holiday or of a particular style. Since I am ore visually oriented, I would rather have a list of thumbnails then try a word search, but that is just me.

While there are still a lot of "kiddy" graphics in this package, there are also a goodly amount of nicer photo-quality ones to choose from. You will find a wide variety of photographic quality images and scenes on the CD. But if that isn't enough, PrintShop is now integrated with iPhoto, so you can bring in your own photo library to add to your projects.

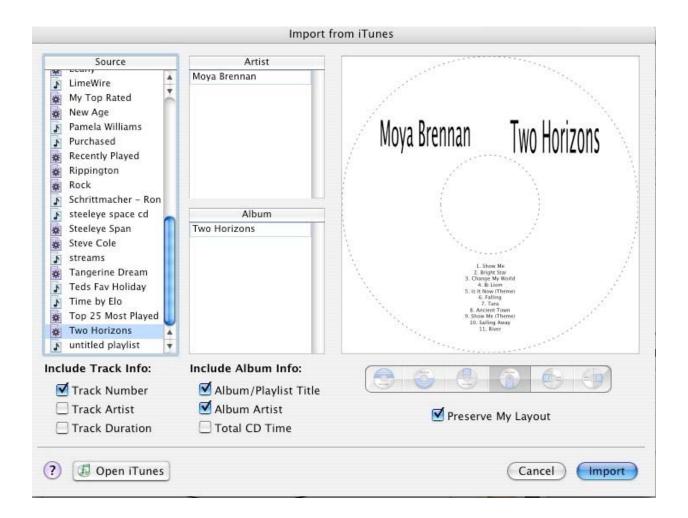
When you choose to add a graphic, you can choose to look at your iPhoto library. When you do this, you are presented with a menu of your iPhoto albums. You can open an album, then scroll down and select the image you want to work with. A very nice feature.

You'll probably need to crop this image in some way so that it will fit into your project. PrintShop offers easy to use handles to shrink, expand, or rotate an image. But you might want to do more with the image before using it. PrintShop's Photo Workshop lets you crop the image into a number of interesting shapes or freehand, adjust the image contract, brightness, and color, fix flaws such as red eye or a scratch, and even apply a number of "Artistic" effects to the photo. Everyone I tried worked to my satisfaction.

One project I found very useful is that of making a calendar. In this instance, we see another iApp integration. You can choose to import iCal events onto your new calendar. Once on the calendar, you can edit the text to make it easier to read. (The iCal import includes the times of an appointment, which you might not want to see on say a monthly calendar.)

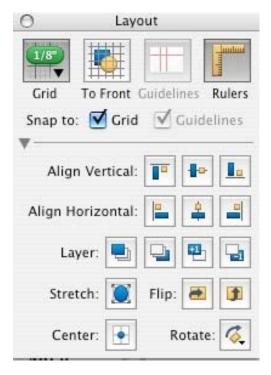


In addition to the regular cards, calendars, and signs, Print Shop can help you put together many other useful items. Those I found interesting include gift tags, (you might need some if you already don't have a supple acquired from various charity organizations), CD/DVD labels, including direct printing on a printable CD blank, if you have the equipment to do that, and printing of booklets. All very useful and fun to create.



If you use iTunes to make CDs of your mixes or ITMS purchases, you can use PrintShop to easily integrate with iTunes and bring track, title, and artist information. First you have to make the actual CD, then create a CD label in PrintShop. Use the import from iTunes feature to pull in the information. If you choose to include the cover art you can easily drag it from iTunes and drop it onto your project.

PrintShop offers a number of ways to manipulate images, clip art, and text once it is part of your project. There are palettes that let you add effects to images or text, such as drop shadow, radiant glow, adding a color to or behind an object, and being able to easily control the opacity and tint of an object. The controls for doing this are easy to use and include many options. Once you select an effect, such as radiant glow, a control window opens up letting you apply different radiant or turning the feature off if you decide not to use it. All the manipulation controls are very easy to use and intuitive.



If you are a person who likes things to line up on your paper, you will enjoy the addition of several layout tools in this version. They have added rulers, grids, and guidelines. You can even move the grid lines on top of the project, so you don't loose it once you add a graphic. There is also a "Snap Grid" feature to make the items align themselves!

One thing I feel that Print Shop really needs is a printed manual. Don't get me wrong, this program is very easy to use, but there are people who are icon challenged and who aren't patient enough to wait for the little info flag to pop up. It would be nice to sit back and read over the manual. A PDF version comes with the package, but I find reading a PDF manual really tough and find a printed manual a real benefit. Speaking with their Customer support people I found that including a manual is a problem because the program has been updated often enough that the manual would soon become obsolete. The PDF manual is formatted to print nicely on standard paper and then placed in a ring binder.

You can't go wrong buying PrintShop if you have a desire to create your own signs, cards, calendars or whatever. It is easy to use, comes with tons of graphics and layouts, supports a wide variety of pre-made labels, cards, papers, and even supports direct CD printing. It also integrates with the iApps, making it easy to bring your personal materials into your projects. It provides you with the tools necessary to manipulate the graphics and text you enter in a number of different ways, enough to suit just about any level of creativity.

PrintShop is a terrific program and well worth the cost. Users of the previous 1.x version for Mac OS X would do well to upgrade adding the iApp integration, a number of graphical tools, and the addition of layout tools to better manipulate your designs. Anyone who would like an easy to use program for making a wide variety of printouts should consider PrintShop version 2.



RealMac Software's RapidWeaver 3.2: High-Speed Template-Based CSS Web Site Development Software reviewed by Mike Swope



RealMac Software

http://www.realmacsoftware.com

\$35 USD

Released: December 2005

Target Audience: General Macintosh users to professional web designers who want to build feature-rich web sites quickly.

Strengths: Resembles iApps in appearance. Distributed with 25 themes out-of-the-box. Possible to create custom templates. Produces high quality (though "canned") web sites right out of the box. Predesigned additional RapidWeaver templates and add-on plugins available for purchase from several sites. Users can also make their own templates if they are familiar with web programming and conventions. No FTP software required. Automatically checks for updates. Incredibly easy to use. Fun, too! If only every application were this powerful, easy and pleasant to use! Apple should acquire it!

[**Editor:** iWeb from Apple requires a .Mac account. RapidWeaver does not.]

Weaknesses: Works differently than other web development software so that getting started at first may confuse experienced web developers, unless they are familiar with Apple's family of iApps. Several oddities and unexpected "gotchas". See the next release as version 3.5.



What IS RapidWeaver?

RapidWeaver is a template-based web site development application modeled after Apple's award-winning iApps (iTunes, iPhoto, iDVD, iChat) so that it is somewhat familiar to Mac OS X users. RapidWeaver produces valid XHTML 1.0 and Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) Level 1 and Level 2 web sites. Both are modern web standards and becoming ever more popular with web designers and developers for the features and control they provide over a site's appearance and, in some cases, interactivity, such as cascading menus.

RapidWeaver ships with 25 templates (some are samples from 3rd party theme developers which must be installed before they can be used) and 10 page styles with which to build web sites. A few of the templates are identical except for minor differences, but all templates are professionally designed (like Apple's iDVD themes) and provide superb results. They range from a template resembling Apple's tabbed web site to multi-colored sites. If no one knew your site was a template, no one would be the wiser. The 10 page styles also offer some variety for different types of web pages, including blog, contact form, file sharing, photo album, HTML, and styled text. The fully configurable contact form requires PHP on the site host and will not work with .Mac accounts. PHP is a common feature on Unix and Linux-based web hosts. The blog page style is also advanced and supports Podcasts!

Once pages are built, RapidWeaver can upload them to the specified FTP account, making the pages available to the world. However, for those who wish to upload using an FTP application (such as Transmit http://www.panic.com/transmit/, RapidWeaver also allows for local export for testing and uploading. Of course, we can't forget Apple's .Mac. Like Apple's iApps, RapidWeaver is configured to work flawlessly with .Mac accounts. (The only recorded feature that can't be used with a .Mac site is the PHP Contact Form because .Mac doesn't support PHP for its members.)

For web designers who also work in print design and use QuarkXPress http://www.quark.com/products/xpress/ or Adobe InDesign http://www.adobe.com/products/indesign/main.html, RapidWeaver's method will be familiar. RapidWeaver uses Page and Site Inspectors to set page and site specific preferences, and then publishes designer-selected content, including text and images, to create pages and documents. This means that the site's content can be anywhere on the designer's hard drive and RapidWeaver will publish it to the specified web host space (.Mac or FTP).

RapidWeaver, like some other web development software (most notably Freeway http://www.softpress.com, uses Inspectors to set page and site preferences. The Page Inspector has 4 panes. Users can alter many aspects of each page individually, including filename, menu name, folder path, image format (Original, JPG or PNG), whether to display the page in the site menu or not, output (Default, Tidied, or Optimized), encoding (Unicode or Western), Title, Slogan, Copyright, Sidebar content, change settings within the selected theme, insert meta tag information (anything the user desires), upload selected assets (not necessarily displayed in the page), and enter custom CSS code or link to other CSS page(s) and enter JavaScript code.

The Site Inspector similarly controls default aspects of pages in the site (page inspector settings override Site Inspector settings). Like the Page Inspector, the Site Inspector has 4 panes. Users set default Site Title, Slogan, Copyright statement, index page filename, enable site logo and favicon, specify page extension, output format (Default, Tidied or Optimized), image format (Original, JPG or PNG), default sidebar content, default meta tags, whether to preview on the local machine and/or in RapidWeaver (even processing PHP in RapidWeaver preview mode), and publishing preferences.

Page Styles

When a page is first added to a RapidWeaver site, the user must decide what kind of page the page will be. For example, the user must choose to make the page a blog, a photo album, a contact form, a page from which users download files, an iFrame page, a movie album, etc.

Blog: Like photo galleries, blogs are becoming increasingly popular. A blog (short for web log) is a personal log in which people publish their thoughts about whatever they wish. Naturally, everyone has an opinion, but blogging can be cathartic and a great deal of fun to boot. I might even say addictive. It's hard to resist expressing your opinion to the world where someone of like mind may read and respond. RapidWeaver's Blog Page Style is just one way to publish a great looking blog easily. As with many of RapidWeaver's features, users have great control over their blog pages. User can create categories and assign them to individual entries. Entries are automatically dated and are listed on the page most recent first. Users may also add links to selected text in their blog, and add images, too. RapidWeaver's blog pages also support RSS 2.0 and PodCasts as well. As one might expect, PodCasts link up to the user's iTunes library. Both RSS feeds and PodCasting are advanced features and welcome inclusions in RapidWeaver's blog page style. The resourceful RapidWeaver user may find alternative uses for blogs, such as posting a chronological listing of reviews and articles as I've done.

Contact Form: Selecting this Page Style automatically creates a PHP-based contact form. The Contact Form Page Style is surprisingly powerful, supporting six different field types and allowing users to completely customize the information they receive from this form. The Contact Form Page Style supports text fields, text areas, checkboxes, popup menus, radio buttons and even attachments! Users may also specify which fields are required to successfully submit the form. At creation, the Contact Form contains the following fields: Name, Email, Subject and Message. When customized, the final contact form may contain as many of the six types of fields as desired. In fact, this page style is so flexible and easy to use, I've used it to create a reservation form and contact form for another web site than my own and just used the code produced by RapidWeaver in the other site's design. My forms were completed in just minutes with this approach. The manual approach would have taken easily twice as long!

File Sharing: Sometimes users have the need to share files with the public. To do this, RapidWeaver offers the File Sharing Page Style, which works similarly to the Blog Page Style. Users simply enter a Title and Description and select the file to be uploaded. When the site is next published to the web server, the page and shared files are uploaded automatically, ready to be shared.

Movie Album: For those who make movies on their Macs and want to share them, this Page Style is ideal. Any QuickTime compatible movie can be used in the Album, but RapidWeaver looks first in the user's Movie folder. The user can use any movie found there, or navigate to any other drive and use whatever QuickTime compatible movie file they wish. Users may add as many movies as they desire. Movies are not altered by RapidWeaver, so movies must be ready for the web when inserted into the Movie Album. RapidWeaver publishes all the movies in an album format. On the live Movie Album page, clicking a movie opens that movie into a popup window. Users can add a Page Title and description text to explain the album. They can also select which frame to display in the album and set movies to autoplay.

Photo Album: Photo galleries are becoming increasingly more popular due to increasing availability and falling prices of digital cameras. This page style links up directly to the user's local iPhoto galleries but allows for great control over the output on the web site, including image quality, output (HTML or Flash slideshow), image size, captions, thumbnail layout, and navigation text (typically Home, Previous and Next). Only one photo album can be selected per Photo Album page. So if users have more than one album in iPhoto they wish to post with RapidWeaver, the user will have to create that many Photo Album pages and select a different album for each page. This can be cumbersome if the user will be posting very many photo albums. Of course, it also takes some time to process and upload these images. Oh, and the Flash slideshow is pretty slick, too, and processes faster than expected.

QuickTime: The QuickTime Page Style overlaps Movie Album somewhat, in that both allow users to publish QuickTime compatible movies to their web sites. The QuickTime style, however, is used to publish a single movie with accompanying text rather than a group of movies and simple captions. As with the Movie Album style, users can set the QuickTime movie to autoplay.

HTML Code and Styled Text Page Styles: These two page styles should not be underestimated. HTML code allows programmers to completely insert HTML, PHP and ASP code into the <body> of the published page, packaged by the template selected in RapidWeaver. When using HTML Code, users must know the link to the pages and assets to which they link. The HTML style is a code editor. Styled Text allows users to similarly insert text, photos, etc. into the <body> of the published page. In the Styled Text style, users control text and images on their page. Control over images includes placement, alternate text, alignment, filename, scaling, rotation, and flipping. Control over text includes standard HTML formatting such as alignment, color, size, paragraph, blockquote, etc. Curiously missing from Styled Text formatting is the ability to create a list! For the most part, if you can't accomplish what you need in the other Page Styles offered by RapidWeaver, you can in one of these two!

Oddities & Gotchas

Some Trouble Getting Started: I've been building web sites for more than 10 years (including familiarity with Cascading Style Sheets or CSS), but I couldn't just jump right in with RapidWeaver. Getting Started, in fact, was not rapid at all! I could view the themes, and insert a page into the RapidWeaver console, but I couldn't apply a theme to the page (or so I thought). I finally broke down and read the RapidWeaver Getting Started guide (PDF). Like I tell my children, you have to read the instructions (RTFM - Read The Freakin' Manual). They aren't provided for nothing! So read RapidWeaver's Getting Started guide. You'll be glad you did. RapidWeaver resembles the iApps more than I first realized. Don't make it harder than it really is!

Links, System Clipboard & Blog Page Style: As I was rebuilding my personal freelance web site, I discovered that any HTML link that I had copied to the System clipboard was automatically applied when I began typing text in a blog page, as if I had selected that text and pasted the link in the link dialogue box. Eerie. I also learned that when copying and pasting links w/ text in blog pages, the links are removed and must be reset. Both are bothersome if doing much copying and pasting at all in blogs.

Page Styles: Must be selected when first creating a page, and cannot be changed afterward. The only way to correct the erroneous page style is to delete the page that has been created and create it again with the correct page style. A minor irritation. Perhaps, the Page Style should be changed in the inspector, and the <body> content for that page automatically deleted, leaving the Inspector settings untouched, so the user can begin again as easily as possible.

Contact Form Fields: Though the Contact Form is fully customizable, it is not easy to change the order of choices for Popup Menus. They are listed in the order they are entered, and clicking and dragging them does not rearrange them. So far as I have determined, there isn't any way to rearrange the options effectively. The options must be deleted and recreated in the desired order. It would work well to be able to click-and-drag the options to rearrange their order, the method used for similar interfaces throughout RapidWeaver.

Images: Images are an important element of all web sites. Generally RapidWeaver does a fair job of handling them. However, information about images is missing from RapidWeaver's online help. Which formats does RapidWeaver support, import and convert to JPG or PNG (as specified in the Page Inspector)? Though RapidWeaver will correctly display EPS images visually in Edit mode, when previewed or published only a text link is present. No image at all. A simple list of file formats that RapidWeaver will display AND repurpose for display in a web page would be helpful. In addition, it would be helpful if users of RapidWeaver had greater control over the quality of the final images, a la Freeway http://www.softpress.com.

Incredible Potential! No Better Web Design Deal for \$34.95!

RapidWeaver has great potential and a talented and productive development team. In the time that 3.2 was released for review and I had downloaded it and completed this review, RealMac Software developed 3.5 with new features, more templates, and more, announced at MacWorld '06! Elapsed time: 6 weeks! Holy smokes! RealMac stretches their \$34.95/license for RapidWeaver to its absolute limit! You won't get more bang for your buck anywhere else! (And I haven't but mentioned that experienced CSS web developers can create their own templates without too much difficulty!)

RealMac Software previewed RapidWeaver 3.5, a free upgrade for 3.2 owners, at MacWorld on December 10th. Though it is still 60 days or so to release, RapidWeaver 3.5 looks very promising. Not only does 3.5 dispense with most if not all of the aforementioned weaknesses, it also offers new functionality. Of course, RealMac Software has been mum about many of these, but they let a few slip through that I can publish with their blessing. The Blogs and photo pages will incorporate perma-link, or permanent links, so links to RapidWeaver blogs and photos don't grow stale in search engines. The link panel will now also list blog entries and photos so that users can easily link to them from other pages in their RapidWeaver site. Blog archive and category pages will also be themed. RapidWeaver 3.5 will also offer a WYSIWYG table editor (CSS does not replace tables for tabular information). RapidWeaver 3.5 will also be released to run on Apple's Intel-based Macs! Did I mention that 3.5 will be a free upgrade to 3.2 users?

You can be absolutely certain that Steve Jobs and crew are watching developers like RealMac Software, just as they always have. The announcement of iWeb (a new iApp) at MacWorld SF 2006 confirms that Apple's watching what their customers and developers are doing. iWeb, however, apparently requires a \$99/year .Mac account to publish its content. iWeb, after all, is designed to publish the other iLife files (music, photos, movies). Until iWeb can publish by FTP to other standard web hosts, RapidWeaver is the missing iApp from Apple's award-winning iLife family.

RapidWeaver 3.2 earns 5 out of 5. It is a fine application. It is powerful, effective, easy and fun to use. It has few shortcomings. It anticipates users' needs -- and delivers on them in a surprisingly big way. It could nearly replace Apple's .Mac service! And potentially some of the better-known, more expensive web design packages (GoLive http://www.adobe.com/products/golive/main.html, Dreamweaver http://www.macromedia.com/software/dreamweaver/ FrontPage http://www.softpress.com/). Most certainly, they are now definitely overkill for small web sites. Some superb web sites http://www.realmacsoftware.com/rapidweaver/rwshowcase/ -- some good enough to receive awards, I have no doubt -- have been built and maintained with RapidWeaver, and will continue to be built and maintained with RapidWeaver 3.5, a free upgrade to licensed users of RapidWeaver 3.2.

To learn more about Mike Swope, go here; http://www.maccompanion.com/info/aboutus.html#mikeswope

RosettaStone - Natural Language Approach to Learning - Online version

reviewed by Robert Pritchett



Fairfield Language Technologies 135 W. Market St. Harrisonburg, VA 22801 USA 1-800-788-0822 1-540-432-6166

http://www.rosettastone.com

QuickStart: http://www.rosettastone.com/online/info.html **Demo:** http://www2.rosettastone.com/en/individuals/languages

Released:

Online, \$50 USD per month per language., \$90 for 3 months or \$150 for 6 months. \$329 USD for the boxed version. 6-month money back guarantee. For anyone wanting to learn another non-computer language.

Requirements: Minimum, Mac OS 9.2 or later; PowerPC G3 or later; 128 MB RAM; 100 MB hard drive space; CD-ROM drive; headset mic; USB port. Recommended – mac OS X 10.2 or later. Windows 98 or later; Pentium 350 MHz chip or later and 16-bit soundcard. Other requirements same as Mac. Recommended – Windows XP. Macromedia's Shockwave plugin.

Strengths: Not intended as a grammar-learning process. It is a vocabulary builder.

Weaknesses: No headset with mic included. I found that the app interfered with my browser scroll function.

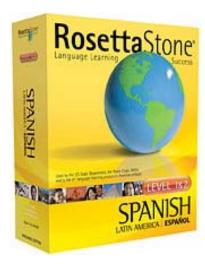
Other Reviews: http://webreprints.djreprints.com/1316660399537.html http://learn-spanish-software-review.toptenreviews.com/rosetta-stone-review.html

Comparisons for Spanish learning software: http://learn-spanish-software-review.com/

Reviewed with Safari 2.0.3.

Fairfield Language Technologies has done such a good job, that they are now partnered with Berlitz and also won a contract with the American Military to teach languages. Want to know why they are successful? Perhaps we can explain why here.

At the moment, there are 27 languages to choose from. Twenty-nine, if you count British English and Spanish spoken in Spain as separate from American English and Latin American Spanish.





There are two methods for getting started. One is the "buy the box" packages, and the other is online. But wait! You can sample how RosettaStone works by going to the Demo link above. Just know that there is no 6-month money back guarantee for online learning, like there is with the boxed versions. There can be 3 or more learning levels per language, however, if you want level 3, you will need to get the CDs. The boxed versions also have Personal, HomeSchool (also contains teacher's instructional materials) and Classroom.

- You must be able to keyboard, read and hear to use this training tool.
- · To get started online, pay the monthly fee, get your license and be sure you get your assigned password.

Dynamic Immersion is a trademarked method of learning languages using ears, mouth, eyes and hands. These are graphically represented with a speaker, open book, mic stand and keyboard onscreen.

Arabic Korean
Chinese (Mandarin) Latin
Danish Pashto
Dutch Polish

English (US) Portuguese (BR)

English (UK) Russian

Farsi (Persian) Spanish (Latin America)

French Spanish (Spain)
German Swahili
Greek Swedish
Hebrew Thai
Hindi Turkish
Indonesian Vietnamese

Italian Welsh

Japanese

The Spanish levels 1 and 2 run through about 100 screens per lesson that combine these 4 methods of learning.

You can pick and choose which process you want to learn from. The default is the "Full Immersion" method using all the senses.



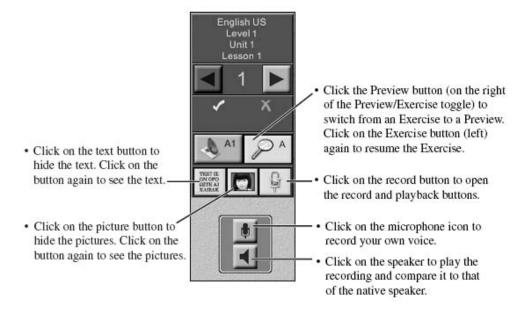
You will not be bogged down in grammar-traps, but rather, you will learn how to "pass the beans" and pick up speaking the language quickly without giving you a migraine.

Level 1 Quickly begins using sentences. Level 2 digs deeper into useful vocabulary depending on the location and environment.

I found the process quite enjoyable and I even learned a few words I didn't know before. I can guess Level 3 must be advanced, but that means I will need to get the CDs to go through that level.

I have linked a page of comparisons between this app and other similarin-function apps.





There is a 44-page Users Guide online that can be downloaded that discusses much more than we do here.

The online version is responsive using a broadband connection. Each lesson checks back home to see that I'm legitimate and that is the only slowdown I experienced. Apparently there is a timeout and an error will appear if the connection doesn't sense any activity for a while. That is a great security feature and I 'm glad that it have a short fuse.

Anyway, I really do recommend RosettaStone. I picked Spanish because I speak the language so I could do this review. I'm impressed with what I found, knowing what I know of the language. They made learning fun.

This screenshot is part of the audio portion of this program where the native-speaker does his or her thing and than I repeat by clicking the lower portion. The radio buttons are for normal and slower pronunciation.

I can now begin to pick any of the other languages and begin learning them for \$50 USD per month. Try the demo and then go knock yourself out. ¿Comprende?



SECURITYSPY •••

Developer: Ben Bird

 $\underline{http://www.bensoftware.com/contact.html}$

http://www.bensoftware.com/

Product site:

http://www.securityspy.com/

Overview: http://www.bensoftware.com/ss/overview/index.html

Released: August 25, 2005.

Download: 30-day try-before-you-buy. 1.5 MB. http://www.bensoftware.com/ss/download/index.html

\$50 USD single camera; \$125 USD up to 4 cameras; \$250 USD up to 8

cameras, \$500 USD unlimited. http://order.kagi.com/cgi-

bin/store.cgi?storeID=UXT&&

Requirements: Mac OS X 10.2 or later; G4 or later; 256MB RAM; QuickTime 5 or later; 512 MB RAM for 4 or more cameras. And video input

devices or cameras.

Strengths: Designed for Mac OS X in mind. Simple setup and installation intended for multiple monitoring devices that use Pan/Tilt/Zoom.

Weaknesses: No audio capture yet.

Input Devices: http://www.bensoftware.com/help/devices.html

In December 2005, we did a review of a wireless security system as organized and paid for from Brickhouse Security at http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/december2005/Hardware/Watch%20this.htm that uses the EvoCam software we also reviewed in that issue

http://www.maccompanion.com/archives/december2005/Software/EvoCam.htm.

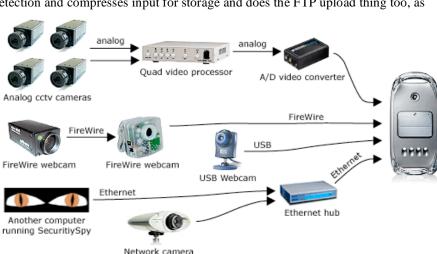
Ben Bird has provided a camera monitoring system that he updated back in August 2005 called Security Spy and this is rev 1.2. The diagram shown here provides a way to do multiple camera monitoring. Its other strength is the ability to remotely control pan, tilt and zoom (PTZ) if the cameras you have installed have those abilities. And each camera can be in either active or passive mode. SecuritySpy also allows for remoting in using Safari and Bonjour. It can also be set to handle motion-detection and compresses input for storage and does the FTP upload thing too, as well as Email notification.

If for whatever reason, the system fails, SecuritySpy will auto-restart.

This version also works with the QuickTime Streaming Server (QTSS) for doing both multicast or unicast.







Page 74

There are a number of cameras that are compatible with SecuritySpy, but it is optimized for working with the iSight unit, now part of the newer iMacs.

For multiple camera viewing this sample is what you may be able to see depending on how many units you use as input devices:



And this is the sample "Camera Status" window:

Ben Bird has provided an excellent online detailed User Manual

 $\underline{http://www.bensoftware.com/ss/manual/}\ that$

steps through each function and shows that

Security Spy distinguishes between video devices, network devices and cameras.

Camera Status

Camera Status Motion Preview Mode

Street Idle On Passive
Doors QTL QMD On Active
Stairs QTL On Passive
Outside door Idle On Passive

There is an option for scheduling monitoring activities and Ben has even been kind enough to include a Mac OS X Dashboard widget http://www.bensoftware.com/ss/manual/index.html#widget and Java applet. Is that all? No, the software is also designed to act as a video web server. When I was working as part of a VoIP lab back in Connecticut, I was privileged to look at such systems for the non-Mac environments. We now have these available for the latest Macintosh environments.

The current version does not support audio input like the EvoCam does, but if that doesn't bother you, get it. I understand Ben is working on the audio for the next rev and upgrades so far have been free.

reviewed by Robert Pritchett



ToonBoom Animation, Inc. 7, rue Laurier East Montreal, Quebec, Canada H2T 1E4 (514) 278-8666 Fax: (514) 278-2666

Fax: (514) 278-2666 info@toonboom.com

http://www.toonboom.com/main/

Product Site: http://www.toonboom.com/products/toonBoomStudio/

Released: July 6, 2005

\$400 USD, €219 Euro. Not to be confused with Toon Boom Solo for \$3,000

USD.

http://www.toonboom.com/buy/onlinestore/customer/home.php

Try before you buy by registering online to download at

http://www.toonboom.com/products/trial_dwn/

Requirements: Macs - G5 or later; Mac OS X 10.3.9 or later; 512 MB RAM; 100 MB hard disk space; 24-bit color display with 64 MB video

RAM; 1024x768 resolution; Wacom Tablet recommended.

Wintel - Pentium III 800Mhz or higher processor; Microsoft Windows 2000

or XP and the other requirements noted above for the Mac.

For professionals who like to make electronically generated animated cartoons.

Strengths: Competes nicely with Flash and then some.

Weaknesses: Works best with a Wacom tablet.

Forum: http://www.toonboom.com/support/forums/toonBoomStudio/

Toon Boom was previously reviewed in September 2004. This is Toon Boom Studio V3!

Other Reviews: http://www.toonboom.com/company/news/reviews.php
Animation Links: http://www.toonboom.com/company/animationlinks.php

Toon Boom Studio V3 competes nicely with Flash for doing animated professional cartoons. Last time we looked at this lip-synching was big. This time it is a Cutter tool that can animate locally or by region using pivot-points. And text can be added. And the flow control has been improved for better interface activities.

The move is towards 3D with camera views, a Free Transform tool and depth of field. So there is a 2D drawing space and 3D scene mode.





And then there is the Cut Out tutorial on their website that is divided up into 7 QuickTime videos.

Apparently the main differences between Studio and Solo besides the \$2,600 USD price difference, is that Solo has

a few more high-tech drawing tools and special FX functions.

I'm nowhere proficient enough yet to even consider the Solo version, but wouldn't it be nice to play with the high-tech tools? And HDTV and Film?

Inspiration!

I've been watching Hayao Miyazaki's magnificent animated cartoon backgrounds on Turner Classic Thursday

Features Comparison	Harmony	Opus	Solo	Studio
Networking Capabilities	Multi-user	Multi-user	Stand-alone	Stand-alone
File Management	Advanced	Advanced	Basic	Basic
Scanning	Advanced	Advanced	Basic	Basic
Digital Drawing	Advanced	Basic	Advanced	Medium
High tech drawing tools (morphing, IK, glue)	Yes	₹.	Yes	
Animation Libraries (re-use)	Yes		Yes	Yes
Interactive X-Sheet	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Timeline	Advanced	Basic	Advanced	Basic
Lip Sync	Yes		Yes	Yes
Ink & Paint	Advanced	Advanced	Advanced	Basic
Scene Planning	Advanced	Advanced	Advanced	Medium
Compositing	Advanced	Advanced	Advanced	Basic
Special FX	Advanced	Advanced	Advanced	
Multi-format output	TV, HDTV, Film, Video, Web	TV, HDTV, Film, Video	TV, HDTV, Film, Video, Web	TV, Video, Web

nights. Hayao Miyazaki sets the standard in sophisticated, quality cartooning and turning Manga (usually one-shot pics) into Anime (cartoon video).

For your own inspiration why not check these links out?

Here is the link to Ghibli Studio information: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Studio_Ghibli The master animator Hayao Miyazaki: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hayao_Miyazaki

And the art of Manga: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manga

And Anime: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anime

These Ghibli releases are excellent cartoons that rival anything that Disney Studio did years ago (in fact, Disney licensed a few to show in English) and the other animation studios at the Big Carton Database http://www.bcdb.com/cartoons/. Pixar Animation Studios comes even closer http://www.pixar.com/. The synergy between Pixar and Disney Studios should be worth seeing now that they "are one".

But Joy of Tech could be more animated, don't you think? http://www.geekculture.com/joyoftech/ Or made into a movie? After all, they did do a book we reviewed a while ago. Heck, if Charles M. Schulz could do it for Peanuts, http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peanuts, why not you?

See what is in the Toon Boom Showcase to see what has been done using Toon Boom: http://www.toonboom.com/showcase/. There are hours of fun watching what others have created and given to Toon Boom Animation to, well, show off.

Here is the latest list of TV Productions that have been completed using Toon Boom animation: http://www.toonboom.com/showcase/pdf/TVProductionList.pdf There are 12 pages. For Feature Films, there is a 5-page list: http://www.toonboom.com/showcase/pdf/feature-list.pdf.

So go try before you buy and see what you can do with Toon Boom v3. The challenge is to see if you can do as well as Hayao Miyazaki. I dare you!

macCompanion Qualitative Rating System Guidelines

To help our staff focus on rating books, hardware, or software, we have some simple guidelines. Each product type has its own guidelines and qualitative criteria listed in separate tables — Books [Table 1], Hardware [Table 2], and Software [Table 3].

macCompanion reviewers will use numbers ranging from 5 (the best rating) to 1 (the poorest rating) in their overall evaluation of a product. We are allowing 1/2-step ratings above 1 and below 5 as 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, and 5. We won't go below 1 or above 5. We do not break down the 1/2-steps in detail:

- 5 =Outstanding, approximating perfection.
- 4 =<u>Very Good</u>, an exceptional book, or piece of hardware or software.
- 3 = Acceptable product that would be useful to its target audience.
- 2 = <u>Some reservations</u>. This is not a product that I would normally add to my computing environment.
 - 1 = Not ready for general distribution to the public. The book author has a few good ideas. Hardware or software does not work as expected (kinder response) or else it's not worth buying.

Note that when we *are* giving a product a low rating, our reviewers are obligated to contact the developer or manufacturer (usually not the distributor) and seek help before finalizing their evaluation. If we rate a product as a 1, then another reviewer will need to verify the results (like a 2 witness). In this case, both reviews will be published.

Collaborative reviews are also allowed. This means that two or more people can team up and work together on a review, if so desired. The authors need not agree with each other.

Table I

macCompanion BOOK REVIEW Qualitative GUIDELINE CRITERIA				
Importance	Criterion	Score		
Extremely Important	Is the book logically organized and easy for you to read and understand?			
	Is the book suitable for the approximate computing skill levels of its target audience? Is it properly focused?			
	Is the book well-indexed, making it easy to use as a problem-solving tool? Does it have appendices listing or summarizing elements of the book's subject matter? Are there web links that allow the book's reader to get additional information on the subject matter?			
	Does the book cover the subject matter well? Is it a "me, too" book, or "shovelware" (hastily gathered and thrown together), or does it break new ground? Would you buy it?			
Important	Is the book appropriately illustrated, and does it have enough illustrations? (The importance of this item is somewhat subjective. For some reviews it could become "Extremely Important".)			
	Do the illustrations help illustrate the author's point? Are they tied to the discussion in the text?			
	Are the illustrations big enough to see clearly, or has the publisher reduced them in size to large icons? Is the image resolution detailed enough for the reader to make use of it?			
	Is there a website associated with the book that keeps it from becoming rapidly obsolete? Does it link to other sites for further references or more in-depth treatment of the subject matter?			

Table II

macCompanion HARDWARE Qualitative REVIEW GUIDELINES				
Importance	Criterion Sc			
Extremely Important	Hardware and software installation: Were the instructions complete and easy to understand? Was the hardware "plug & play", or were software drivers necessary?			
	Software considerations: Are any unique Macintosh drivers provided, if needed? Or are they available only on the manufacturer's website? Remember that, in OS X, Apple has provided a significant number of drivers for peripheral devices as part of its operating system.			
	Does it do what it claims to do in a way that does not interfere with your other computing activities?			
	Is a warranty offered? Is the warranty period and items it covers clear, protective, and suited to your needs? (Is a warranty even needed?)			
Important	Is it worth the cost?			
	Is the product easy to use without extra training?			

Table III

macCompanion SOFTWARE Qualitative REVIEW GUIDELINES			
Importance	Criterion	Score	
Extremely Important	Ease of Installation: Did the software auto-install successfully? Were there extra software setup steps involved? For example: Was a registration code required? Was the code easy to find in the physical package, or was it supplied in a timely fashion by e-mail? Did the supplied code work? Did it require downloading more code to work properly?		
	Effectiveness: Does the product crash your system or often quit unexpectedly?		
	Suitability: Is the ReadMe file any good? How about the installed Help files, the (included) software manual, or the online manual? Is the software really designed for its target audience?		
	Developer interaction: (Usually applies to shareware. As a criterion, this is relevant only if you make an actual and detailed contact.) Did the developer respond to questions and accept suggestions?		
	Accessibility: Good public contact information such as address, email, phone, website FAQs, etc.		
	Help Desk competence: If you contacted them, did you get a good response? Did they know less than you did? Or were they so advanced that you couldn't understand them?		
	Would you buy the product?		
Important	Learning Curve: You need to distinguish between professional products with longer learning curves and those designed for more casual users.		

DigitaMediaTraining



http://www.digitaltraining.com/special/maccom	

macCompanion Media Kit

We are the Macintosh® Professional Network (MPN), Limited Liability Corporation (LLC). MPN, LLC continues to evolve, ever since its creation in 1996 as a way to reach out to those who use computers for a living in an effort to make their lives easier and their work both enjoyable and profitable.

Besides consulting efforts, we also provide monthly book, hardware and software reviews at macCompanion. We offer ways and means for folks to get comfortable using the Macintosh $^{\text{TM}}$ created by the Apple® Corporation in the multibillion-dollar computer industry. We know that bad software doesn't live long in the Mac $^{\text{TM}}$ environment. On the other hand, good computer equipment and software becomes great as the word spreads, and we are very good at helping to spread it. Our suggestions over the years have also helped improve many successful products in use today. Through kind and gentle efforts, we have been able to help many people move to better tools-of-the-trade so they can be more productive in their work.

Besides our website, we also create *macCompanion* as a freely available PDF-based monthly. It averages about 100 pages per month. July 2004 is the first-year anniversary of this labor of love. The *macCompanion* staff is an all-volunteer team of writers and reviewers from many parts of the globe, and they also have a great wealth of knowledge and experience in their backgrounds. That base of talent also continues to keep growing as the Macintosh Professional Network expands.

Statistical Analysis

We are very excited about our site statistics! The multilingual-capable <u>macCompanion</u> website is close to 2 million page views a month and readership continues to increase rapidly through our "whisper campaign".

We continue to get greater visibility every day. Many of the various 35 computer operating systems (with many moving towards the Mac® OS XTM environment), 115 online search engines, 269 countries and domains and 319 online robots have discovered us – and continue to do so. So far, over 201 other websites have also linked to us. Many of our readers have made our site one of their favorites. While nearly 70% of our readership stops by for a quick visit via RSS feeds, over 23% spend between 1/2 to 1 hours at a time going through over 250 different pages on our site (mostly archives). Many of those who quickly drop by, come to get the monthly PDFed issue of *macCompanion*. Over 35GB of bandwidth was used in December 2005 alone for download purposes. Previous months have averaged around 20GB. Trend analysis indicates that will continue to increase.

Advertising with macCompanion

We have four advertising options you may choose from, and multiple months will receive a 20% discount for both website and PDF-based ads. All advertising must be paid in advance. We accept credit card payments via PayPal, checks, money orders by regular mail and cash in US currency by hand.

Site Ad Rate

We offer site ads for a fixed-budget price of only \$100 per month on our site. Following the KISS principle, we accept banner ads in only one size at this time - 468x60 pixels (per the <u>Interactive Advertising Bureau</u> standards for a Full Banner Ad Interactive Marketing Unit.) The ad will be rotated through with other ads, and there is no limit to how many you want to include.

The billing cycle begins based on the first day the ad placed on the site and is renewable on a monthly basis. This can begin immediately or at any time.

(If you want us to create those online-ads for you, the cost is \$100 per hour, with a minimum 2-hour base fee.)

PDF Ad Rates

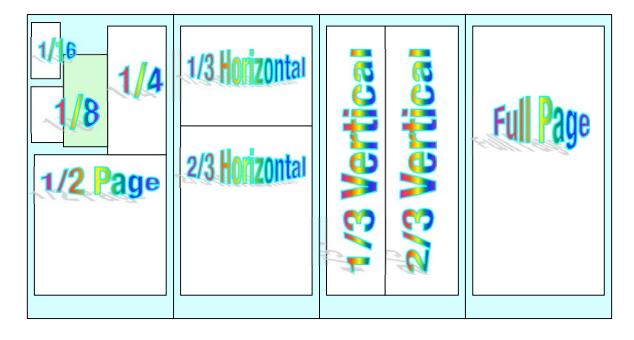
The published monthly version of *macCompanion* has a closing date of the 25th of each month for ads. Our target date for distribution begins the 5th of each month. Placement of the ads will be at our discretion, but we do listen to your suggestions.

Each ad will require a site link so our readers can click on the PDF ad and go to your site. Ads need to be submitted as PDFs with at least 300 DPI resolution.

(If you want us to create those ads for you, the cost is \$100 per hour, with a minimum 2-hour base fee. You will then need to send us proofs, etc. in JPEG or GIF formats.)

Rate Table

Page Size: 8 1/2" x 11" No bleed				
Style	Rate	Size Fractional	Size Decimal	Size Centimeter
1/16th Page	\$40 USD	1 5/8 x 2 1/4 in	1.625 x 2.25 in	4.1 x 5.7 cm
1/8th Page Horizontal	\$50 USD	3 1/2 x 2 1/4 in	3.5 x 2.25 in	8.9 x 5.7 cm
1/8th Page Vertical	\$50 USD	2 1/4 x 3 1/2 in	2.25 x 3.5 in	5.7 x 8.9 cm
1/4th Page Vertical	\$60 USD	3 1/2 x 4 3/4 in	3.5 x 4.75 in	8.9 x 12.1 cm
1/2 Page Horizontal	\$100 USD	7 1/4 x 4 3/4 in	7.25 x 4.75 in	18.4 x 12.1 cm
1/3rd Page Horizontal	\$70 USD	7 1/4 x 3 1/4 in	7.25 x 3.25 in	18.4 x 8.3 cm
1/3rd Page Vertical	\$70 USD	2 1/4 x 9 7/8 in	2.25 x 9.875 in	5.7 x 25.1 cm
2/3rd Page Horizontal	\$150 USD	7 1/4 x 6 1/4 in	7.25 x 6.25 in	18.4 x 15.9 cm
2/3rd Page Vertical	\$150 USD	4 3/4 x 9 7/8 in	4.75 x 9.875 in	12.1 x 25.1 cm
Full Page	\$250 USD	7 1/4 x 9 7/8 in	7.25 x 9.875 in	18.4 x 25.1 cm



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And we also accept donations by those who feel our services are value-added.

If you are as excited about our *macCompanion* readership as we are, please download the contractual terms and conditions documentation that are online in PDF format, or we can send them to you as an attachment. We'd enjoy having an ongoing working relationship with you too.

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Well that's it for this issue. Please come back again next month!